

User and Installation Guide

CB-5222



Ver. 2 April 25, 2017

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Document History

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1 Document Scope and Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide instructions and installation procedures for physically connecting the CB-5222 unit. After completing the physical installation, additional setup and configurations are required before video analysis and detection can commence.



Note:

This document is intended for use by technical users who have a basic understanding of CCTV camera/video equipment and LAN/WAN network connections.

Remarque:

Ce document est destiné aux utilisateurs techniciens qui possèdent des connaissances de base des équipements vidéo/caméras de télésurveillance et des connexions aux réseaux LAN/WAN.



Warning:

Installation must follow safety, standards, and electrical codes as well as the laws that apply where the units are being installed.

Avertissement:

L'installation doit respecter les consignes de sécurité, les normes et les codes électriques, ainsi que la législation en vigueur sur le lieu d'implantation des unités.

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A **Warning** is a precautionary message that indicates a procedure or condition where there are potential hazards of personal injury or death.

Avertissement est un message préventif indiquant qu'une procédure ou condition présente un risque potentiel de blessure ou de mort.



A **Caution** is a precautionary message that indicates a procedure or condition where there are potential hazards of permanent damage to the equipment and or loss of data.

Attention est un message préventif indiquant qu'une procédure ou condition présente un risque potentiel de dommages permanents pour l'équipement et/ou de perte de données.



A **Note** is useful information to prevent problems, help with successful installation, or to provide additional understanding of the products and installation.

Une **Remarque** est une information utile permettant d'éviter certains problèmes, d'effectuer une installation correcte ou de mieux comprendre les produits et l'installation.



A **Tip** is information and best practices that are useful or provide some benefit for installation and use of FLIR products.

Un **Conseil** correspond à une information et aux bonnes pratiques utiles ou apportant un avantage supplémentaire pour l'installation et l'utilisation des produits FLIR.

General Cautions and Warnings

This section contains information that indicates a procedure or condition where there are potential hazards.

SAVE ALL SAFETY AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE USE.

Although the unit is designed and manufactured in compliance with all applicable safety standards, certain hazards are present during the installation of this equipment.

To help ensure safety and to help reduce risk of injury or damage, observe the following:

Précautions et avertissements d'ordre général

Cette section contient des informations indiquant qu'une procédure ou condition présente des risques potentiels.

CONSERVEZ TOUTES LES INSTRUCTIONS DE SÉCURITÉ ET D'UTILISATION POUR POUVOIR VOUS Y RÉFÉRER ULTÉRIEUREMENT.

Bien que l'unité soit conçue et fabriquée conformément à toutes les normes de sécurité en vigueur, l'installation de cet équipement présente certains risques.

Afin de garantir la sécurité et de réduire les risques de blessure ou de dommages, veuillez respecter les consignes suivantes:



Warning:

- The unit's cover is an essential part of the product. Do not open or remove it.
- Never operate the unit without the cover in place. Operating the unit without the cover poses a risk of fire and shock hazards.
- Do not disassemble the unit or remove screws. There are no user serviceable parts inside the
 unit.
- Only qualified trained personnel should service and repair this equipment.
- Observe local codes and laws and ensure that installation and operation are in accordance with fire, security and safety standards.

Avertissement:

- Le cache de l'unité est une partie essentielle du produit. Ne les ouvrez et ne les retirez pas.
- N'utilisez jamais l'unité sans que le cache soit en place. L'utilisation de l'unité sans cache présente un risque d'incendie et de choc électrique.
- Ne démontez pas l'unité et ne retirez pas ses vis. Aucune pièce se trouvant à l'intérieur de l'unité ne nécessite un entretien par l'utilisateur.
- Seul un technicien formé et qualifié est autorisé à entretenir et à réparer cet équipement.
- Respectez les codes et réglementations locaux, et assurez-vous que l'installation et l'utilisation sont conformes aux normes contre l'incendie et de sécurité.



Warning:

- Do not drop the camera or subject it to physical shock.
- Do not touch sensor modules with fingers. If cleaning is necessary, use a clean cloth with a
 bit of ethanol and wipe it gently. If the camera will not be used for an extended period of
 time, put on the lens cap to protect the sensor from dirt.
- Do not aim the camera lens at strong light, such as the sun or an incandescent lamp, which can seriously damage the camera.
- Make sure that the surface of the sensor is not exposed to a laser beam, which could burn
 out the sensor.
- If the camera will be fixed to a ceiling, verify that the ceiling can support more than 50 newtons (50-N) of gravity, or over three times the camera's weight.
- The camera should be packed in its original packing if it is reshipped.



Caution:

To avoid damage from overheating or unit failure, assure that there is sufficient temperature regulation to support the unit's requirements (cooling/heating). Operating temperature should be kept in the range -40° to 50°C (-40° to 122°F), with no more than 90% non-condensing humidity.

Attention:

Afin d'éviter tout dommage dû à une surchauffe ou toute panne de l'unité, assurez-vous que la régulation de température est suffisante pour répondre aux exigences de l'unité (refroidissement/chauffage). La température de fonctionnement doit être maintenue dans la plage (-40° à 50°C/-40° à 122°F), sans condensation d'humidité supérieur à 90%.

Site Preparation

There are several requirements that should be properly addressed prior to installation at the site. The following specifications are requirements for proper installation and operation of the unit:

- Ambient Environment Conditions: Avoid positioning the unit near heaters or heating system
 outputs. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight. Use proper maintenance to ensure that the unit is free
 from dust, dirt, smoke, particles, chemicals, smoke, water or water condensation, and exposure
 to EMI.
- Accessibility: The location used should allow easy access to unit connections and cables.
- Safety: Cables and electrical cords should be routed in a manner that prevents safety hazards, such as from tripping, wire fraying, overheating, etc. Ensure that nothing rests on the unit's cables or power cords.
- Ample Air Circulation: Leave enough space around the unit to allow free air circulation.
- Cabling Considerations: Units should be placed in locations that are optimal for the type of
 video cabling used between the unit and the cameras and external devices. Using a cable longer
 than the manufacturer's specifications for optimal video signal may result in degradation of color
 and video parameters.
- Physical Security: The unit provides threat detection for physical security systems. In order to
 ensure that the unit cannot be disabled or tampered with, the system should be installed with
 security measures regarding physical access by trusted and un-trusted parties.
- **Network Security**: The unit transmits over IP to security personnel for video surveillance. Proper network security measures should be in place to assure networks remain operating and free from malicious interference. Install the unit on the backbone of a trusted network.
- **Electrostatic Safeguards**: The unit and other equipment connected to it (relay outputs, alarm inputs, racks, carpeting, etc.) shall be properly grounded to prevent electrostatic discharge.

The physical installation of the unit is the first phase of making the unit operational in a security plan. The goal is to physically place the unit, connect it to other devices in the system, and to establish network connectivity. When finished with the physical installation, complete the second phase of installation, which is the setup and configuration of the unit.



2 Overview

The IOI HD CB-5222 bullet camera is a 2.1 megapixel, Full HD 1080p device that features built-in video analytics. The camera includes a varifocal motorized auto-focus DC-Iris lens with True Day/Night performance. The camera provides real-time, H.264 and MJPEG streaming video with the highest quality image. The lightweight, weatherproof, outdoor camera is easy to install and operate and features a compact, sophisticated and aesthetic mechanical design.



Figure 1: IOI HD Analytic Bullet IP Camera

Two models are available:

- CB-5222-11 F1.4, 3-10.5mm lens
- CB-5222-21 F1.4, 7-22mm lens

The IOI HD bullet camera delivers outstanding analytic performance. It offers enhanced detection, even of small objects from a distance, even in scenes where there are large or multiple objects and movement in up to 80% of the frame. The system can detect sophisticated intruders and enable the identification of people standing upright, which reduces false alarms.

The camera's video analytics provides alarms when it automatically detects specific events, such as region entrance, fence trespassing, tripwire crossover, which trigger an automatic notification. You can define the events and location in the video of the image that can be detected with user-customizable rules, positioning criteria, responses, and scheduled actions.



Caution:

If you are using FLIR's Latitude VMS, we recommend that you configure the camera's settings via the AdminCenter. This is because the camera's web-based interface might be overwritten by Latitude settings. Refer to the Latitude online help for information regarding configuring camera settings.

Attention:

Si vous utilisez le logiciel de gestion de vidéo Latitude de FLIR, nous vous conseillons de configurer les paramètres de la caméra via l'AdminCenter. En effet, l'interface Internet de la caméra peut être remplacée par les paramètres Latitude. Veuillez consulter l'aide en ligne Latitude pour de plus amples informations sur la configuration des paramètres de la caméra.

2.1 Features

The camera supports the following analytic functions:

- Analytic relay events
- Unattended baggage detection
- Stopped vehicle detection
- Automatic depth calibration
- · Reduced false alarm rate
- Intrusion detection
- Loitering detection
- Increased detection distance
- Object removal detection
- Camera tampering detection

The camera includes the following key general features:

- · Advanced video analytics
- H.264 and MJPEG compression
- Detection event-driven alarms
- True Day/Night (IRC)
- RTSP support
- ONVIF-conformant
- Up to two E-mail SMTP alarms (excluding analytic alarms)
- UPnP support
- Multiple users
- · Built-in heater

- Superior intruder detection
- HTTP streaming MPEG
- · Alarm input driven events
- Low lux
- dWDR
- Built-in web application/ web server
- FTP upload (up to two addresses)
- BNC analog video output
- · Group permissions
- Supports PoE/PoE+/ 12VDC/ 24VAC

- Customizable rules and actions
- Progressive scan CMOS sensor
- · Relay output actions on alarm
- 2D/3D noise reduction
- True multi-shutter WDR
- SNMP v1/v2/v3 SNMP traps
- Upload alarm images to FTP (excluding analytic alarms)
- Security IP restricted access allow/deny list
- Per-user permissions
- Supports hand-off to PTZ cameras

2.2 Package Contents

Before proceeding, check that the box contains the items listed here. If any item is missing or has defects, do not install or operate the product. Contact your dealer for assistance.



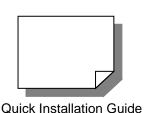


Torx Wrench





1x 4-pin connector and 1x 3-pin connector







5x Philips screws (34 x 4mm/1.345" x 0.132") with plastic plugs, plus 1x Torx screw (6.65 x 2.77mm/0.263" x 0.108")

Figure 2: Package Contents



Note:

The self-tapping screws are mainly for softer substrate/material installation such as wood. For other installation materials such as cement ceilings, it is necessary to pre-drill and use plastic anchors before fastening the supplied self-tapping screws into the wall.

Related Documentation

- IOI HD CB-5222 Quick Installation Guide
- Desiccant User Guide
- DNA 2.1 User Manual
- IOI HTML Edition Units User's Guide



3 Introduction to the CB-5222 IP Bullet Camera

This chapter provides information about the camera hardware for reference before installation. The connectors included on the camera's system cable are described.

- Camera Dimensions
- Accessing Internal Parts
- System Cable Connectors

3.1 Camera Dimensions

The mechanical dimensions of the CB-5222 Analytic Bullet IP Camera are shown below.

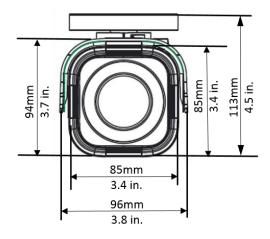


Figure 3: CB-5222 Dimensions (Front View)

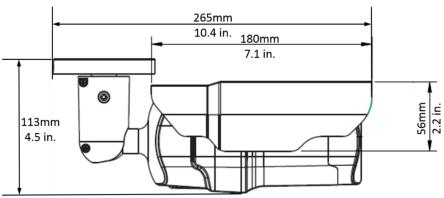


Figure 4: CB-5222 Dimensions (Side View)



Note:

The camera length is 285mm (11.1 in.) with the sunshield and fully extended mounting arm.

3.2 Accessing Internal Parts

The camera housing must be opened to access the Reset button and to change desiccants.

To access the Reset button and desiccants

1. Using a Phillips screwdriver, unscrew the two screws on the sunshield and remove the sunshield from the camera body.



Figure 5: Sunshield

2. Using the supplied Torx wrench, remove the Torx screw on the top of the camera body.



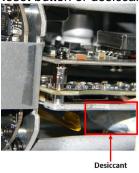
Figure 6: Camera Body Screw

3. Open the camera body by pulling apart both halves.



Figure 7: Separating the Camera Body

4. Access the Reset button or desiccants as required.



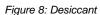




Figure 9: Reset Button



Note:

Desiccant is included inside the camera housing and must be replaced every time the housing is opened. After desiccants are replaced, reconnect the front housing to the camera as soon as possible. Otherwise, the desiccant will become damp and cannot be used. For instructions on removing the desiccant, refer to the *Desiccant User Guide*.

To perform a hard reset to full factory defaults using the Reset button

- 1. Press a pointed object against the black switch on the Reset button.
- 2. Press the button for 30 seconds. Both LEDs on the RJ45 connector are extinguished. After one second, the green network LED flashes once and remains lighted. The yellow activity LED flashes as soon as it detects network activity. The unit returns to full factory defaults.

3.3 System Cable Connectors

The camera is shipped with a system cable for network, power, I/O, and audio connections. The figure below shows the various connectors included in the system cable of the camera. The connectors, pin numbers and signal definitions are listed below.

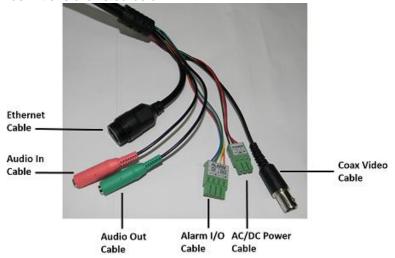


Figure 10: CB-5222 Camera Input/Output Connections

Cable	Pin No./ Connector Type	Definition	Description
Ethernet	RJ45, Network LEDs	10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet/PoE/PoE+	For network, Power over Ethernet (PoE), or PoE+ connection
Audio In	3.5mm audio plug (pink)	Line in	For connecting line-level audio input or microphone with built-in pre-amplifier
Audio Out	3.5mm audio plug (green)	Line out	For connecting headphone or loudspeakers with built-in amplifier
Video	BNC	Analog video	For video output
Power	1- Power (+) 2- Earth GND 3- Power (-)	12VDC/24VAC	3-terminal connection block
Alarm	DI - Input (+) DI - Input (-)	Alarm input	A torreitad accuraction block
	DO - Output (+) DO - Output (-)	Alarm output	4-terminal connection block

3.3.1 Alarm Input/Output Pin-out

The alarm input and output connections are shown below.

Pin No.	Designation	Terminal Block Alarm Connections
DI-	Input (-)	ALARM
DI+	Input (+)	DI DO
DO-	Output (-)	
DO+	Output (+)	

3.3.2 Power Input/Output Pin-out

The power input and output connections are shown below.

Pin Symbol	Designation	Terminal Block Power Connections
-	Negative	
		POWER
	Ground	- 4 +
\overline{m}		
+	Positive	
		100

3.3.3 Waterproofing the Camera Cable Connectors

Follow the instructions below to waterproof the connectors for the different types of cables included in the system cable. The cables are shown below.



System Cable



Figure 11: Camera Cables

3.3.3.1 System Cable

To waterproof the system cable

- 1. Connect all the required devices to the system cable.
- 2. Coat the joints with silicone gel. There should be no gap between the connectors and the cables. For alarm I/O connector and power connector, make sure the side with wires attached is also sealed with silicone gel.

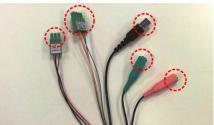


Figure 12: System Cable

3. Seal the end of the rubber coating of the system cable as indicated in the figure below. Use enough silicone gel to fill in the hose and wrap around each wire in order to properly waterproof the cable.



Figure 13: System Cable Hose and Wiring

3.3.4 Connecting the Unit to the Network

A Cat 5 Ethernet cable is recommended for network connection. For best transmission quality, the cable length should not exceed 100 meters (328 feet). Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the RJ45 connector of the system cable and plug the other end of the cable into the network switch or PC. Check the status of the link indicator and activity indicator LEDs. If the LEDs are unlit, check the LAN connection.



A flashing green PWR LED indicates a 10/100/1000 Mbps full-duplex connection.

A steady green PWR LED indicates a 10/100/1000 Mbps half-duplex connection.

A flashing yellow LNK LED indicates the amount of network activity. The faster the flashing, the greater the amount of data that is being transmitted.

3.3.5 Connecting Power to the Camera

The camera can be powered by Power over Ethernet (PoE), PoE+, or by an external 12VDC, 24VDC, or 24VAC adaptor (not included in the package).

- If using an ext
- ernal power supply, connect the power leads or three-pin power terminal block to the power supply.
- If using PoE or PoE+, make sure that a Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) device is used in the network.

Make sure the camera's power cable is properly connected. All electrical work must be performed in accordance with local regulatory requirements.

For operation at -40° to 50° C/-40° to 122°F, use an AC, DC, or PoE+ power source. For operation at -10° to 50° C/14° to 122°F, use a PoE power source.



4 System Requirements

To access the camera via a web browser, ensure that your PC has the proper network connection and meets system requirements as described below.

Item	Minimum System Requirement	
Personal Computer	Minimum: Intel® Core™ i5-2430M @ 2.4 GHz, 4GB RAM Recommended: Intel® Core™ i7-870 @ 2.93 GHz, 8GB RAM	
Operating System	Windows XP, 7, 8, 8.1, and 10	
Web Browser	Microsoft Internet Explorer 9, 10, or 11	
Network Card	10BaseT (10 Mbps), 100Base-TX (100 Mbps), or 1000BaseT (1000Mbps) operation	
Viewer	ActiveX control plug-in for Microsoft IE	



5 Installation

Follow the instructions below for outdoor installation of the camera.

Related Links

- Setting the Camera's Focal Length
- Initial Camera Configuration

- Outdoor Installation
- Mounting Instructions

5.1 Setting the Camera's Focal Length

Focal length determines the scene's viewing angle, or, in other words, the dimensions of the scene which will be generated by the camera. The trade-off for focal length is between the width of the scene and the magnification of objects appearing in the scene. The longer the focal length is, a narrower scene will be achieved, while the size of objects will increase. Greater size means that more pixels will be used to represent each object, and greater level of details will be present.

In a similar manner, the shorter the focal length is, the smaller the size of each object will be, while the captured scene will become wider.



Note:

Use a short focal length to cover a wide area and detect objects at close distances. Use a long focal length to achieve greater detection distances while narrowing the Field of View.

After you select your lenses and see the amount of detail provided, consider your security surveillance coverage, camera locations, and any additional needs that may be discovered. Consult your FLIR representative if you have any questions.

5.2 Outdoor Installation

Read the instructions provided in this chapter thoroughly before installing the camera. Following are additional considerations for outdoor installation:

- For outside wiring installation, always use weatherproof equipment, such as boxes, receptacles, connectors, etc.
- For electrical wiring, use the properly rated sheathed cables for conditions to which the cable will be exposed (for example, moisture, heat, UV, physical requirements, etc.).
- Plan ahead to determine where to install infrastructure weatherproof equipment. Whenever possible, ground components to an outdoor ground.
- Use best security practices to design and maintain secured camera access, communications infrastructure, tamper-proof outdoor boxes, etc.
- All electrical work must be performed in accordance with local regulatory requirements

5.3 Initial Camera Configuration



Caution:

If you are using Latitude, we recommend that you configure the camera's settings via the AdminCenter. This is because the camera's web-based interface might be overwritten by Latitude settings. Refer to the Latitude online help for information regarding configuring camera settings.

Attention

Si vous utilisez Latitude, nous vous conseillons de configurer les paramètres de la caméra via l'AdminCenter. En effet, l'interface Internet de la caméra peut être remplacée par les paramètres Latitude. Veuillez consulter l'aide en ligne Latitude pour de plus amples informations sur la configuration des paramètres de la camera.

To perform the initial camera configuration

- 1. Unpack the camera and remove the protective cover.
- 2. Connect one end of the network Cat 5 Ethernet cable to the RJ45 connector on the camera's system cable.
- 3. Connect the other end of the network cable to a Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) device, such as a switch.
- 4. Verify that the LEDs on the RJ45 connector illuminate green (indicating a stable network connection) and flashing yellow (to indicate network activity).
- 5. Do the following:
 - a. Copy and run dna.exe (see note below) from the included CD.



Note:

DNA is a user-friendly utility that is designed to easily discover and configure FLIR edge devices on a network. The IOI HD bullet camera is supported by DNA version 2.0.4.8 and above. For instructions how to use DNA, click here to download the DNA User Manual from the Tools section.



c. Select the unit requiring IP assignment.

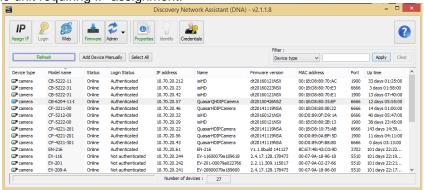


Figure 14: Discovered IP Devices

d. Right-click the mouse and select the assigned IP address or click the **Assign IP** button to open the **DNA Assign IP** dialog box.



Note:

The camera default IP Address and the subnet mask IP Address are automatically supplied by the DHCP server.

- e. In the dialog box that is displayed, enter values for the *IP Address, Gateway and Netmask*.
- Click Update and wait for

 ✓ OK status to be displayed.

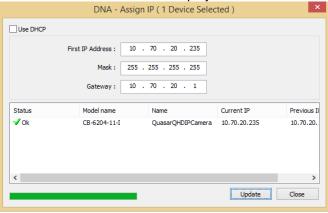


Figure 15: DNA Assign IP Dialog Box

g. Disconnect the Ethernet cable. The camera is ready for deployment (mounting) in a site installation.



Note:

- 1. The camera can be connected to a PC for bench installation via an Ethernet cross-cable.
- 2. The camera default IP Address is automatically set by the DHCP server. If using Latitude, the Address must be set manually.



Tip:

A camera setup adapter, such as Veracity Pinpoint, can be used to connect a laptop directly to the camera when using PoE.

5.4 Mounting Instructions

The camera can be installed directly on a wall or ceiling with the integrated three-axis adjustable bracket mount.



Note:

The wall or ceiling must have enough strength to support the camera.

To mount the camera

- For outdoor installations:
 - a. On the ceiling/wall/flat surface, install a security camera wall mount bracket stand that is sturdy enough to hold the camera in a fixed position for the field of view required.
 - b. Screw the bracket/stand to the mounting socket on the bottom of the camera.
 - c. Connect the system cable to the network, power, I/O devices, and audio devices, as required for your site. See System Cable Connectors (page 13).
- For bracket, pole and pendant installations:
 - a. Feed the system cable through the mounting accessory.



Note:

The power cable is not required if using PoE.



Tip:

Even if you are not using alarm inputs and audio input/output at the time of installation, you may want to consider pre-wiring these connections for future use. Use shims for shoring up mounts on uneven surfaces.

- b. Check that the installation is not flimsy, will not wobble, and is flush with the mounting surface.
- c. Plug the network Cat 5 cable into the camera's Ethernet port.
- d. Do one of the following:
 - If using an external power supply, plug the power terminal block into the power supply terminals.
 - If using PoE or PoE+, connect the other end of the Cat 5 cable to the network and turn on the power from the power supply.
- e. If applicable, wire the Alarm In, Alarm Out, Audio In, and Audio Out terminal blocks to external devices.

5.4.1 Installing the Camera

To install the camera

- 1. Place the camera at the installation location.
- 2. Place the supplied template on the surface where you will install the camera.
- On the ceiling or wall, mark the position of the two screw holes on the base of the mounting bracket.



Figure 16: Screw Holes on Mounting Base

- 4. At the center of the marked holes, draw a cable entry hole with 30 mm (1.2") diameter/15 mm (0.6") radius.
- 5. Drill the cable entry hole.
- 6. Drill a hole slightly smaller than the supplied plastic screw anchor on each marked screw hole.
- 7. Insert the plastic screw anchors into the drilled holes.
- 8. Thread the camera's system cable through the cable entry hole. Refer to <u>System Cable Connectors</u> (page 13) for cable connections.
- 9. Match the screw holes of the camera with the plastic screw anchors at the installation location.
- 10. Fasten the camera with the supplied M4x31 self-tapping screws.
- 11. Loosen the screw circled below in order to rotate the camera at the base.



Figure 17: Mounting Base Rotation Screw

12. Loosen the two screws circled in the picture below in order to manipulate the camera positioning at the ball joint. The camera can be twisted and moved up and down at the ball joint.



Figure 18: Repositioning the Camera

13. Point the camera in the desired direction and fasten the screws.

6 Using the DNA Utility to Search and Access the Camera

The Discovery Network Assistant (DNA) is a user-friendly utility that is designed to easily discover and configure FLIR Professional Security edge devices on a network. The DNA tool has a simple user interface and does not require any installation. The software is provided as a single, standalone executable. It runs on any PC.

DNA provides a central location for listing all the supported FLIR Professional Security camera models accessible over the network. Once listed, each camera can be right-clicked to access and change the network settings. If the network settings are changed for some reason, a new search will relist the units. The units may then be configured via the web interface.

If the camera is managed by FLIR's Horizon or Meridian NVR and is configured as a DHCP server, Horizon or Meridian automatically assigns the camera an IP address. Configure the camera with *DHCP-enabled*.

If FLIR's Latitude VMS is being used, configure the unit with a static IP address rather than with DHCP. This ensures that the IP address will not automatically change in the future and interfere with configurations and communication.

The camera must be made accessible for setting network addresses.



Note:

The IOI HD bullet camera is supported by DNA version 2.1 and above. For detailed guidelines about DNA and its usage, refer to the *DNA 2.1 User Manual*, which is included in the CD provided with the camera, or click here to download the *DNA User Manual* from the *Tools* section.



7 Configuring Communication Settings

To configure communication settings on the camera

- 1. Connect the camera to the network on the same VLAN/LAN as the workstation.
- 2. If the network supports the default, open the DNA utility by running dna.exe which can be

found in the DNA utility folder in the supplied CD, or click the DNA icon



- 3. In the DNA application, click the **DNA** button.
- 4. If the Windows Firewall is enabled, a security alert window pops up.
- 5. To continue, click **Allow Access**. Latitude users should consult the Latitude Installation Instructions on disabling the Windows Firewall.

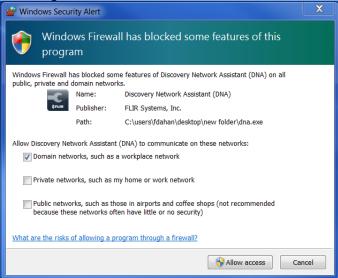


Figure 19: Windows Firewall Screen

 Click Assign IP. All the discovered IP devices will be listed in the page, as shown in the figure below. The camera's default IP Address is automatically supplied by the DHCP server.

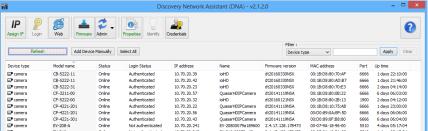


Figure 20: Discovered IP Devices

7. Right-click the camera whose network property is to be changed. From the context menu that opens, select **Assign IP**. The **Assign IP** dialog is displayed.

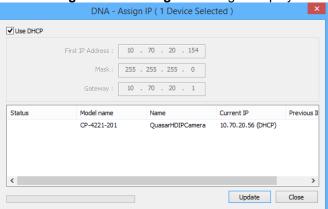


Figure 21: DNA Assign IP - Use DHCP Dialog Box



Tip:

Record the camera's MAC address for future reference.

- 8. To access DNA, do one of the following:
 - a. For DHCP (not supported by Latitude):
 - i. Select Use DHCP. Do not use for Latitude.
 - ii. Click **Update** and wait for status.
 - b. For Static IP (recommended for Latitude users):

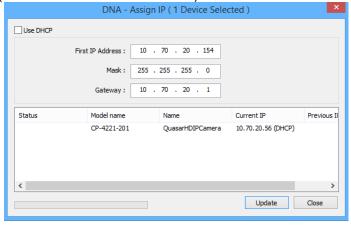


Figure 22: DNA Assign IP - Static IP Dialog Box

- Do not select the *Use DHCP* checkbox. This is recommended for security purposes and for and Latitude users. In the IP Address, Gateway, and Netmask, enter the respective LAN/VLAN (optional DNS) values.
- ii. Click **Update** and wait for **✓** OK status to be displayed.

Right-click and select Web to directly access the camera via a web browser. The web browser opens on the unit's Login dialog box.



Figure 23: Login Dialog Box

10. Log into the unit with the default user name ("admin") and password ("admin").



Note:

- 1. Both the user name and password are case-sensitive.
- 2. It is strongly advised that administrator's password be altered for security reasons.
- If the password is changed and the Latitude AdminCenter Discovery feature is
 in use, deselect all other proprietary types. Select *IOimage* as the Unit Type so
 that the new password can be configured in the Latitude Discovery tab settings.
- If the **User Account Control** dialog opens and requests you to install the install.cab file, click **Yes**.
- If the ActiveX installation is not successful after performing the previous step, in the
 Internet Explorer Tools > Internet Options > Advanced Security settings section,
 select the "Allow software to run or install even if the signature is invalid" checkbox.
 Uncheck the checkbox after installing ActiveX. Then click OK.

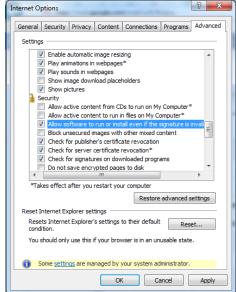


Figure 24: IE Tools > Internet Options > Advanced Window

11. If a popup message appears for running the ActiveX add-on, click Allow.



Note:

If the password is changed and the Latitude AdminCenter Discovery feature is in use, deselect all other proprietary types. Select **IOimage** as the Unit Type so that the new password can be configured in the Discovery tab settings.

Additionally, you can change the camera's network properties (either DHCP or Static IP) directly from the camera's web interface on the **System > Network > Basic** screen.

12. Install the web player.



Note:

If you have previously installed a web player application on the PC, you should delete the existing web player from the PC before accessing the camera. For information on how to install the new player, uninstall a previous player, and clear temporary Internet files, see Installing and Deleting the Web Player (page 115).

8 Adjusting and Framing-Up the Camera View

After the camera is connected to the network and running, it is necessary to frame-up the scene and adjust the camera settings to optimize the picture for the individual scenes. If Latitude is being used, consider scheduling different settings for changing ambient conditions throughout the day, week, month or seasons.

To adjust and frame-up the camera view

1. After the unit's web interface opens, use the function buttons on the **Home** page to adjust the zoom or focus.



Tip:

To view greater image detail for more accurate high-definition focusing, on the web interface **Home** page, click the **Full Screen** button and use the full screen view to check the focus.



Note:

Best focusing results can be achieved when the lens iris is fully open (such as at night in low light). This prevents loss of sharpness if light levels are reduced at night.

- 2. From the unit's **Camera > Exposure** screen, do one of the following:
 - a. If you selected Shutter WDR *On* from the <u>Camera > Misc</u>. screen, select the default mode (*WDR Multiple Shutter*).
 - b. If you selected Shutter WDR Off from the <u>Camera > Misc</u>. screen, select the default mode (Auto Shutter).
- 3. Save changes and complete the focusing steps.
- 4. Adjust the pan and tilt:
 - a. Loosen the tension screw on the mounting bracket.



Tension Screw

Figure 25: Mounting Bracket

b. Rotate (pan and tilt) the camera so that the Field of View is optimized for your scene.

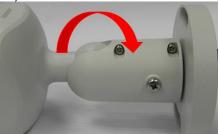


Figure 26: Rotating the Camera

- c. Tighten the tension screw to hold the camera in place.5. When finished, set your exposure settings as needed.

9 Configuration and Operation

The IOI HD camera is provided with a browser-based configuration interface for video playback and recording. If DVTEL's Latitude VMS is used, many of the configurations and features of DVTEL's VMS provide additional configuration and automation options for the camera.

This section includes the following information:

- Browser-Based View Introduction
- Live Screen
- System Tab
- Streaming Tab
- Camera Tab
- Log Out

9.1 Browser-Based Viewer Introduction

The figure below explains the II HD camera's browser-based user interface.



Figure 27: Browser-Based User Interface

The user interface displays the following information:

 The Navigation Bar is displayed in the center of the screen containing Live and Settings buttons.

Live Button

The **Live** screen opens by default when the camera logs on. It is used to monitor live video of the targeted area, adjust the display size, take snapshots of the view area, stop/start video streaming, record video in a designated file location, activate or deactivate a loudspeaker (audio function), and to perform a digital zoom. An explanation of the items on the screen is included below and in section 9.2.

Settings Button

Clicking the **Settings** button opens the **Settings** screen, whose sidebar which includes four tabs – **System, Streaming, Camera,** and **Analytics** – that are used for to configure system settings.

• System Settings

The administrator can configure settings for basic system parameters, security, network operation, events, recording, storage, system maintenance, and more. Details are discussed in System Settings.

• Streaming Settings

The administrator can modify video and audio settings on this page. Details are discussed in <u>Streaming Settings</u>.

Camera Settings

The administrator can adjust many of the camera settings on this page, such as Exposure, Picture Adjustment, IR Function, and TV System. Details are discussed in <u>Camera Settings</u>.

Analytics

The **Analytics** tab is used for configuring video analytics settings for depth, rules, responses, scheduled actions, on-screen display, firmware, and backup & restore. Details are discussed in **Analytics**.

- The Language Bar is displayed to the right of the Navigation Bar. Supported languages include English, Spanish, Japanese, Russian, and Simplified Chinese.
- The *Log out* link is located to the right of the Language Bar. Click the *Log Out* link to exit the application or log into the camera with a different username and password. See <u>Log Out</u>.
- The camera model number is displayed under the *Log out* link.
- The current date and time are displayed under the model number.
- The video format is displayed and can be selected to the left of the date and time.
- Function buttons are displayed to the left of the Live View window. These are discussed in the following section. In the center of the interface is the Live View window, which displays the image that the camera is monitoring.
- The Live View window in the center of the interface displays the monitored scene.
- The camera's firmware version is displayed under the Live View window on the right side.
- The Arm/Disarm button is displayed under the Live View window. Click Arm to start the analytics engine. Click Disarm to stop the analytics engine.
- The Clear Alarms button is displayed under the Arm/Disarm button. Click Clear Alarms to stop the alarms and return analytics to their initial stage.

9.2 Live Screen

The camera's **Live** screen is used to monitor live video. See Figure 27: Browser-Based User Interface **Error! Reference source not found.** (page 33**Error! Bookmark not defined.**). Double-clicking the Live window opens the **Info** dialog box, which displays key details about the video stream:

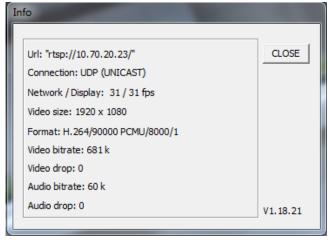


Figure 28: Live Video Info Dialog Box

To view the Live View screen in Fullscreen mode

1. Double-click the screen. The image is displayed in the entire monitor screen.

To exit Fullscreen mode

1. Click **CLOSE**. The **Live View** screen is displayed in the monitor screen. The *View Mode* pane in the **Live** screen includes the following function buttons:



Figure 29: View Mode Pane

Full-Window Display



Click this button to view the live video in the full Live Video window.

Half-Window Display



Click this button to view the live video in half of the Live View window.

Full-Screen Mode



Click this button to view the live video on the full screen of your monitor. Click the ESC (Escape) key on your keyboard to exit Full-Screen Mode.

Snapshot



Click this button to automatically save the JPEG snapshots in the specified location. The default location to save snapshots is: C:\.To change the storage location, refer to File Location.



Note:

When using Windows 8 OS, the storage location cannot be C:\. You must define a storage location that does not require Administrator privileges on the PC.

Record/Pause





Pressing the **Recording** button stores recordings from the Live View in the location specified on the local hard drive, which can be configured in the **File Location** screen. The default storage location for the web recording is: C:/. Refer to File Location for details.



Note:

When using Windows 8 OS, the storage location cannot be C:\. You must define a storage location that does not require Administrator privileges on the PC.

Video Streaming Restart/Stop





Press the **Stop** button to disable video streaming and to display the live video as black. Press **Restart** to show the live video again.

Mic



The **Microphone** button allows the local site to talk to the remote site. Click the button to switch it on/off. This function is available only to a user who has been granted this privilege by the Administrator. Refer to User in the Security section for further details.

Speaker



Click the **Speaker** button to mute/activate the audio. This function is available only to a user who has been granted this privilege by the Administrator. Refer to <u>User</u> in the Security section for further details.

Zoom: Wide/Tele





Press the **Tele** or **Wide** button to implement continuous zoom adjustment.



Note:

Changing zoom settings will delete the analytic settings.

Zoom Reset



Press the Reset button to calibrate the camera lens at full wide end.



Note:

Changing zoom settings will delete the analytic settings.

Step: Wide/Tele





Press the **Wide Step** or **Tele Step** button to alternate the zoom between wide and telephoto views within a user-defined range of steps, which can be selected from the drop-down menu shown below.



Note:

Changing zoom settings will delete the analytic settings.

Step Range



Select from a user-defined range of steps, which can be selected from the drop-down list.

Focus: Near/Far





Press the Near or Far button to implement continuous focus adjustment.

Focus Reset



Press the **Rese**t button to calibrate the camera lens at infinity focus.

Step: Near/Far





Press the **Near Step** or **Far Step** button to alternate the focus between near and far views within a user-defined range, which can be selected from the drop-down menu.

Step Range



Select from a user-defined range of steps, which can be selected from the drop-down list.

AF: Manual



Click the Manual button to manually change the focus.

AF: Zoom

Click the **Zoom** button so that the focus will be adjusted automatically after changing zoom.

AF: Push

Click the **Push** button once to adjust zoom or focus. In this mode, the camera starts the focusing process automatically and stops after it receives a focused image.

9.3 System Tab

The **Settings** tab in the Navigation Bar opens the sections in the sidebar that are used for configuring the camera. The sections available for configuration include <u>System</u>, <u>Streaming</u>, <u>Camera</u>, and <u>Analytics</u>.



Note:

The **System** screen is accessible only by the Administrator.

9.3.1 System Settings

The **System** section includes the following tabs:

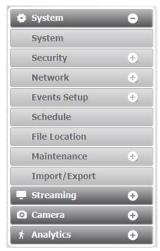


Figure 30: System Section Tabs

- System
- Security
- Network
- Events Setup

- Schedule
- File Location
- Maintenance
- Import/Export

System Screen

The **System** screen is used for entering the camera's friendly name and date and time settings. Click the **System** tab in the sidebar. The **System** screen is displayed.

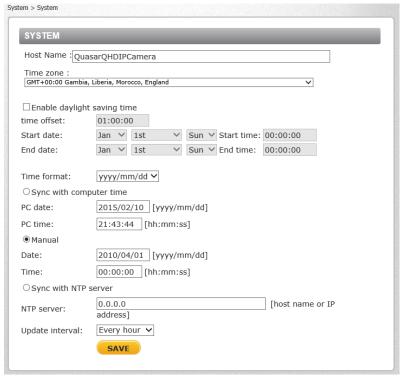


Figure 31: System Screen

The **System** screen includes the following fields:

Host Name

The host name is for camera identification. If the alarm function is enabled and is set to send an alarm message by Mail or FTP, the host name entered here is displayed in the alarm message. See Events Setup.

Time Zone

Select the time zone from the drop-down menu.

Enable Daylight Saving Time

To enable daylight saving time, check the *Enable daylight saving time* box. Then specify time offset (number of hours or minutes difference between daylight saving time and standard time). The format for time offset is [hh:mm:ss]. For example, if the amount of time offset is one hour, enter 01:00:00 in the field. Finally, enter the start date and time for daylight saving time, and end date and time for daylight saving time.

Time format

Enables a choice of formats: either year, month and day (yyyy/mm/dd) or day, month and year (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sync with Computer Time

Select this button to synchronize video date and time display with the PC. You can change the PC date and time in the respective text box.

Manual

The Administrator can set video date and time manually. Entry format should be identical with that displayed to the right of the text box.

Sync with NTP Server

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is an alternate way to synchronize the camera's clock with an NTP server. Select *Sync with NTP Server*. In the *NTP server* text box, enter the network time server host name or IP address to synchronize. Then, from the *Update interval* drop-down list, select an update interval (every hour, day or week). For further information about NTP, visit www.ntp.org.

Click SAVE when finished.

9.3.2 Security Screens

Clicking the **Security** tab in the **System** sidebar opens a drop-down menu with the following screens:

- User
- HTTPS
- IP Filter
- IEEE 802.1X

9.3.2.1 User

The **User** screen is used for entering and managing user credentials and privileges, as well as configuring authentication settings.

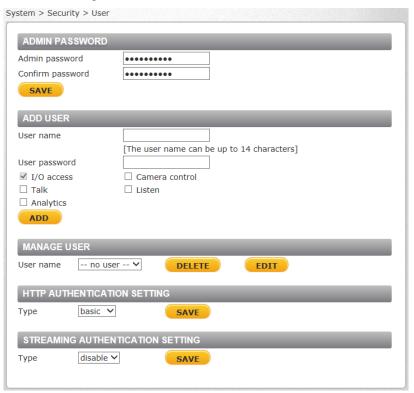


Figure 32: User Screen

Admin Password

Change the administrator's password by entering the new password in both text boxes. The input characters/numbers are displayed as dots for security purposes. After clicking **SAVE**, the web browser asks the Administrator for the new password (maximum 14 digits).



Note:

The following characters are valid: A-Z, a-z, 0-9,!#\$%&'-.@^ ~.

Add user

The user name and passwords are limited to 14 characters. There is a maximum of 20 user accounts.

To add a new user

- 1. Type the new user name and password in the respective fields.
- 2. Select the appropriate check boxes to give the user Camera Control, Talk and Listen permissions.
 - I/O access Basic functions that enable you to view video when accessing to the camera.
 - Camera control Allows you to change camera parameters on the Camera tab.
 - Talk Talk allows the user at the local site to talk from the remote site to the administrator
 - Listen Listen allows the user at the local site to listen from the remote site to the administrator.
 - Analytics Allows the user to define analytic parameters from the Analytics tab
- 3. Click ADD.

Manage User

- To delete a user, click the *User name* drop-down list and select the user. Click **DELETE** to remove the user.
- To edit a user, click the *User name* drop-down list and select the user. Click **EDIT** to edit the
 user's password and privileges.



Note:

You must enter the user password and also select the authorized function(s).

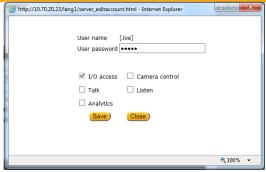


Figure 33: Edit User Account Dialog Box

Click Save to modify the account credentials and privileges, or Close to discard changes.

Streaming Authentication Setting

From the drop-down list, select one of the following options:

- Disable Do not use streaming authentication (default setting).
- Basic A form of authentication that uses unencrypted base64 encoding. Basic Authentication should generally only be used where transport layer security, such as HTTPS, is provided.
- *Digest* A form of authentication used over RTSP in which credentials are encrypted when transmitted.

Click SAVE.

9.3.2.2 HTTPS

To use HTTPS on the camera, an HTTPS certificate must be installed. The HTTPS certificate can be obtained either by creating and sending a certificate request to a Certificate Authority (CA) or by creating a self-signed HTTPS certificate as described below.



Note:

The self-signed certificate does not provide the same level of security as a CA-issued certificate.

HTTPS allows secure connections between the camera and web browser using Secure Socket Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS) to protect camera settings and username/password info. A self-signed certificate or a CA-signed certificate is required to implement HTTPS.

To create a self-signed certificate

Before a CA-issued certificate is obtained, users can first create and install a self-signed certificate. Under the **Security** category, click the **HTTPS** tab in the sidebar to display the following screen.

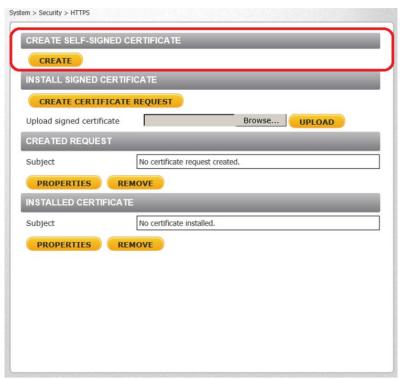


Figure 34: HTTPS Screen - Create Self-Signed Certificate

 On the HTTPS page, click CREATE under Create Self-Signed Certificate. The Create Self-Signed Certificate dialog box opens.



Figure 35: Create Self-Signed Certificate Dialog Box

- 2. Enter the information in the appropriate field. A definition of each of the required fields follows.
 - Country Enter a two-letter combination code to indicate the specific country in which the certificate will be used. For instance, type "US" to indicate United States.
 - State or province Enter the local administrative region.
 - Locality Enter other geographical information.
 - Organization Enter the name of the organization to which the entity identified in Common Name belongs.
 - Organizational Unit Enter the name of the organizational unit to which the entity identified in the Common Name field belongs.
 - Common Name Indicate the name of the person or other entity that the certificate identifies (often used to identify the website).
 - Valid days Enter the period in days (1 ~ 9999) to indicate the valid period of certificate.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the certificate request after completion. The details are displayed in the *Subject* field of the *Installed Certificate* section.



Figure 36: Installed Certificate Section

 To view the details of the Installed Certificate, click PROPERTIES. The details are displayed in the Certificate Properties dialog box. If you want to remove the certificate, click REMOVE.

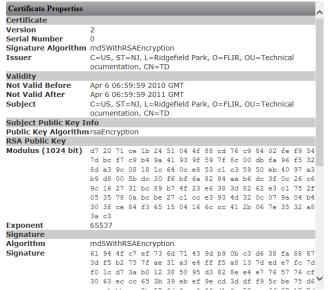


Figure 37: Certificate Properties

- When the signed certificate is returned from the CA, click **Browse** in the *Install Signed Certificate* section to locate the file.
- 6. Click UPLOAD to install the certificate, as seen in Figure 38.

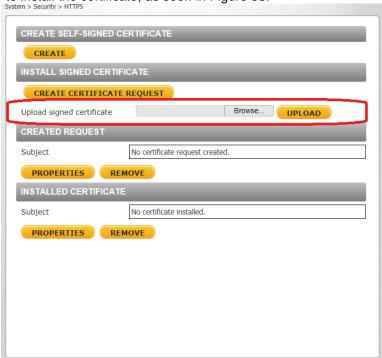


Figure 38: HTTPS Screen - Upload Signed Certificate

To create a certificate request

1. Click **CREATE CERTIFICATE REQUEST** to create and submit a certificate request in order to obtain a signed certificate from a CA.

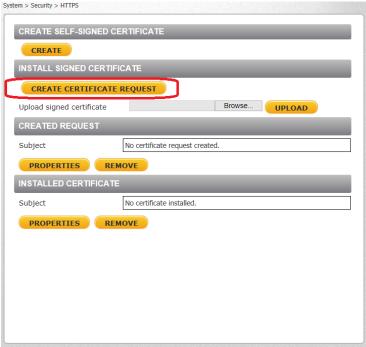


Figure 39: HTTPS Screen – Install Signed Certificate

The Create Certificate Request dialog box opens.

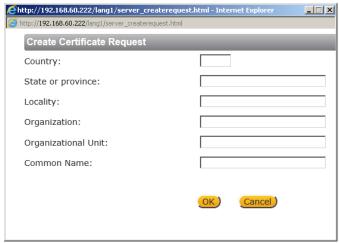


Figure 40: Create Certificate Request Dialog Box

- 2. Enter the information in the appropriate field. A definition of each of the required fields follows.
 - Country Enter a two-letter combination code to indicate the specific country in which
 the certificate will be used. For instance, type "US" to indicate United States.
 - State or province Enter the local administrative region.
 - Locality Enter other geographical information.
 - Organization Enter the name of the organization to which the entity identified in Common Name belongs.
 - Organizational Unit Enter the name of the organizational unit to which the entity identified in the Common Name field belongs.
 - Common Name Indicate the name of the person or other entity that the certificate identifies (often used to identify the website).
- 3. Click **OK** to save the details of the certificate request after completion. When the request is complete, the subject of the Created Request is displayed in the *Subject* field



Figure 41: Created Request Subject

 To view details of the Certificate Request, click PROPERTIES below the Subject field. The Certificate Request Properties dialog box opens. If you want to remove the certificate, click REMOVE.

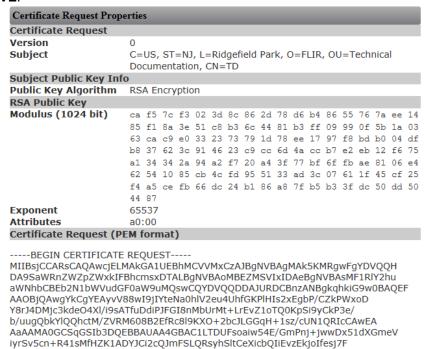


Figure 42: Certificate Request Properties Dialog Box

HgJdKMvcvS4hTLB8MV9+l1XyKqQ1Rm9iTOXMVOTeEk5m3Cr8dC5DXjYJYIwvFvxH

5. Copy the PEM-formatted request and send it to your CA.

---END CERTIFICATE REQUEST----



Note:

xTeoCKFm

The self-signed certificate does not provide the same level of security as a CA-issued certificate.

9.3.2.3 IP Filter

The IP filter restricts access to the camera by denying/allowing specific IP addresses. Click the IP filter tab under the category **Security** in the sidebar to display the following page.

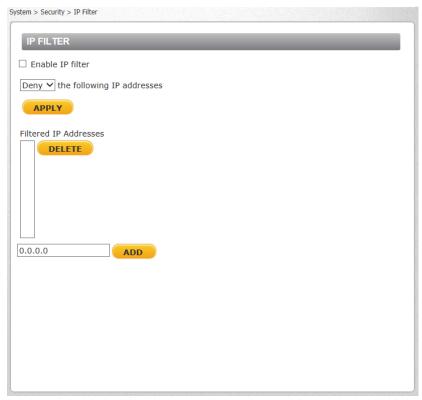


Figure 43: IP Filter Screen

To enable the IP filter

- 1. Check the box to enable the IP filter function. Once enabled, the listed IP addresses (IPv4) are allowed or denied access to the camera.
- 2. Select Allow or Deny from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click APPLY to determine the IP filter behavior.

1. To add or delete an IP address

- 1. Enter the IP address in the Filtered IP Addresses text box.
- 2. Click **ADD** to add a new filtered address. The *Filtered IP Addresses* box shows the currently configured IP addresses. Up to 256 IP address entries may be specified.
- 3. To remove an IP address from the list, select the IP address and then click **DELETE**.

9.3.2.4 IEEE 802.1X

The camera is allowed to access a network protected by 802.1X/EAPOL (Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN). Users must contact the network administrator to obtain certificates, user IDs, and passwords.



Figure 44: IEEE 802.1X/EAP-TLS Screen

CA Certificate

The CA certificate is created by the Certificate Authority for the purpose of validating itself. Click **Browse** to locate the file and **UPLOAD** to upload the certificate to check the server's identity.

Client Certificate

Upload the Client Certificate to authenticate the camera. Click **Browse** to locate the file and **UPLOAD** to upload the certificate.

Private Key

Upload the Private Key to authenticate the camera. Click **Browse** to locate the file and **UPLOAD** to upload the private key.

Settings

- *Identity* Enter the user identity (user name) associated with the certificate. Up to 16 characters can be used.
- Private Key Password Enter the password associated with the user identity. Up to 16 characters can be used.

Enable IEEE 802.1X

Select the checkbox to enable IEEE 802.1X security. The setting is disabled by default.

Click **SAVE** to save the IEEE 802.1X/EAPTLS setting.

9.3.3 Network

From the **System** screen, click the **Network** tab.

The following screens are available from the **Network** tab:

• Basic • QoS • SNMP • UPnP • DDNS • Mail • FTP

9.3.3.1 Basic

The Basic screen is used to configure the camera's basic network settings.

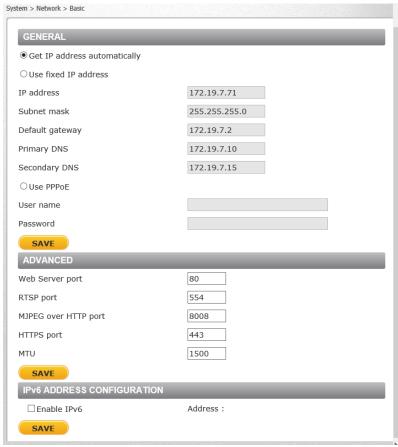


Figure 45: Network > Basic Screen

It is possible to connect to the camera with either fixed or dynamic (DHCP) IP address. The camera also provides PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet) support for users who connect to the network via PPPoE.

The Basic screen is divided into three sections: General, Advanced and IPv6 Configuration.

General

Select one of the following options in the General area for configuring network settings:

- Get IP address automatically
- Use fixed IP address
- User PPPoE

Get IP address automatically

If you select *Get IP address automatically*, you can use the DNA utility, which is provided in the supplied CD, to obtain the IP address from a DHCP server on the network. See <u>Using the DNA Utility</u> to Search and Access the Camera.



Note:

For future reference, record the camera's MAC address, which is found on the camera label.

Use fixed IP address

The camera's default setting is *Use fixed IP address*. Refer to <u>Using the DNA Utility to Search and Access the Camera</u> for login with the default IP address. You may use DNA or enter the IP address in your Internet browser's URL address bar.

To set up a new static IP address

- 1. Select the Use fixed IP address option.
- 2. Enter the following information:
 - IP address The IP address is necessary for network identification.
 - Subnet mask Used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is 255.255.255.0.
 - Default gateway Used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. An
 invalid gateway setting causes transmission to destinations in other subnets to fail.
 - Primary DNS The primary domain name server that translates host names into IP addresses
 - Secondary DNS A secondary domain name server that backs up the primary DNS.

To use PPPoE

- 1. Enter your PPPoE user name and password into the respective fields.
- 2. Click **SAVE** to confirm the settings.

Advanced

Enter the following advanced parameters in the Advanced section of the screen:

- Web Server port The default web server port is 80. Once the port is changed, the user must be notified the change for the connection to be successful. For instance, when the Administrator changes the HTTP port of the camera whose IP address is 192.168.0.100 from 80 to 8080, the user must type in the web browser http://192.168.0.100:8080 instead of http://192.168.0.100.
- RTSP port The default setting of the RTSP port is 554. The range is from 1024 to 65535.
- *MJPEG over HTTP port* The default setting of MJPEG over HTTP port is 8008. The range is from 1024 to 65535.
- HTTPS port The default setting of HTTPS port is 443. The range is from 1024 to 65535.
- MTU The MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) is the greatest amount of data that can be transferred in one physical frame on the network. For Ethernet, the MTU is 1500 bytes (default setting). For PPPoE, the MTU is 1492. The range is from 700 to 1500 bytes.



Note:

Be sure to assign a different port number for each service mentioned above.

Click **SAVE** to save the settings.

IPv6 Address Configuration

IPv6 is not supported.

9.3.3.2 QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) provides differentiated service levels for different types of traffic packets and guarantees delivery of priority services during periods of network congestion. Adapting the Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model, traffic flows are classified and marked with DSCP (DiffServ Code point) values, and as a result receive the corresponding forwarding treatment from DiffServ-capable routers. DSCP configuration settings are entered in the **System > Network > QOS** screen:

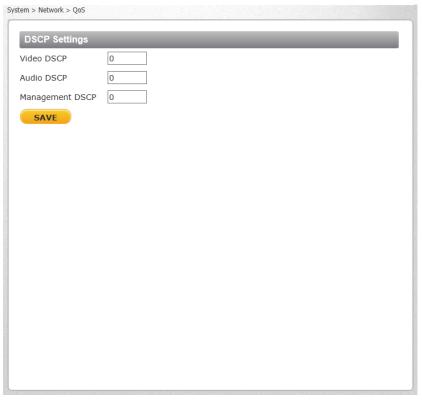


Figure 46: QoS Screen

DSCP Settings

The DSCP value range is from 0 to 63. The default DSCP value is 0 (DSCP disabled). The camera uses the following QoS classes: Video, Audio, and Management.

- Video DSCP This class consists of applications such as MJPEG over HTTP, RTP/RTSP and RTSP/HTTP.
- Audio DSCP The camera supports audio.
- Management DSCP This class consists of HTTP traffic (web browsing).

Click **SAVE** when complete.



Note

To enable this function, make sure the switches/routers in the network support QoS.

9.3.3.3 SNMP Settings

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) enables the camera to be monitored and managed remotely by the network management system. SNMP configuration settings are entered in the **System > Network > SNMP** screen.

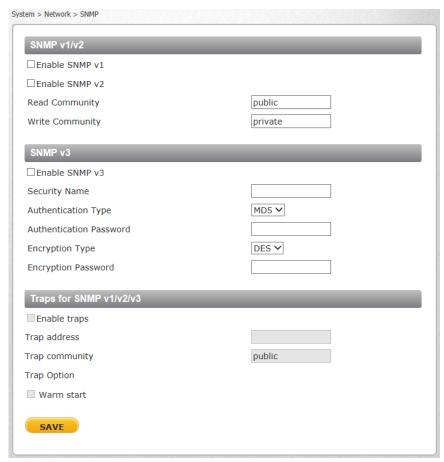


Figure 47: SNMP Settings Screen

SNMP v1/v2

- Enable SNMP v1 or Enable SNMP v2 Select the version of SNMP (v1 or v2) to use by checking the relevant box.
- Read Community Specify the community name that has read-only access to all supported SNMP objects. The default value is *public*.
- Write Community Specify the community name that has read/write access to all supported SNMP objects (except read-only objects). The default value is *private*.

SNMP v3

SNMP v3 provides important security features including:

- Confidentiality Encryption of packets to prevent snooping by an unauthorized source.
- Integrity Message integrity to ensure that a packet has not been tampered with in transit including an optional packet replay protection mechanism.
- Authentication To verify that the message is from a valid source.

To enable the SNMP v3 protocol, enter the appropriate data and passwords requested:

- Enable SNMP v3 Select the checkbox.
- Security Name See note below.
- Authentication Type Select MD5 or SHA from the drop-down list. See note below.
- Authentication Password See note below.
- Encryption Type Select DES or AES from the drop-down list. See note below.
- Encryption Password See note below.



Note:

You may have to consult with your System Administrator to activate this function.

Traps for SNMP v1/v2/v3

Traps are used by the camera to send messages to a management system for important events or status changes.

- Enable traps Check this box to activate trap reporting.
 - Trap address Enter the IP address of the management server.
 - *Trap community* Enter the community to use when sending a trap message to the management system. The default value is *public*.
- Trap Option
 - Warm start A warm start SNMP trap signifies that the SNMP device, such as the camera, performs a software reload.

Click **SAVE** when complete.

9.3.3.4 UPnP

The **System > Network > UPnP** screen enables the Universal Plug-and-Play protocol on your network devices.



Figure 48: UPnP Screen

UPnP Settings

• Enable UPnP – If UPnP is enabled and a camera is discovered on the LAN, the icon of the connected camera appears in **My Network Places**, allowing direct access, as seen below.

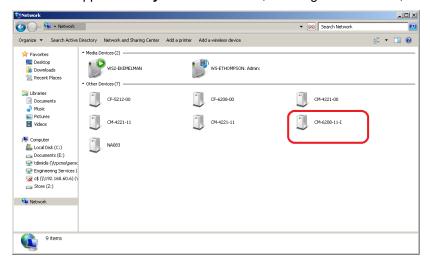


Figure 49: Direct Access to Camera with UPnP Enabled



Note:

To enable this function, make sure the UPnP component is installed on your computer. Refer to Install UPnP Components for the Windows 7, 8, 8.1, and 10 procedure.

• Enable UPnP port forwarding – When UPnP port forwarding is enabled, the camera is allowed to open the web server port on the router automatically.



Note:

To enable this function, make sure that your router supports UPnP and that it is activated.

• Friendly name – Enter the name for the camera for identification.

Click **SAVE** to save the settings.

9.3.3.5 DDNS

Dynamic Domain Name System (DDNS) allows a host name to be constantly synchronized with a dynamic IP address. This permits those using a dynamic IP address to be accessed by a static domain name. DDNS configuration settings are entered in the **System > Network > DDNS** screen:

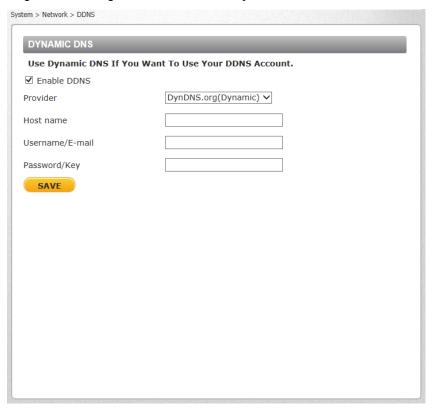


Figure 50: DDNS Screen

To use DDNS

- 1. Select the Enable DDNS checkbox.
- 2. From the *Provider* drop-down list, select a DDNS host provider name.
- 3. In the Host name text box, enter the registered domain name.
- 4. In the *Username/E-mail* text box, enter the username or e-mail address required by the DDNS provider for authentication.
- 5. In the *Password/Key* text box, enter the password or key required by the DDNS provider for authentication.
- 6. Click **SAVE** to save the setting.

9.3.3.6 Mail

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) is a protocol for sending e-mail messages between servers. It is a relatively simple, text-based protocol, where a text message is transferred to one or more specified recipients. The Administrator can send an e-mail via Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) when an alarm is triggered. E-mail notifications are set by selecting the checkbox for an e-mail-related triggered action on the IO and Network Failure Detection screens.

SMTP (E-mail) server configuration settings are entered in the **System > Network > Mail** screen:

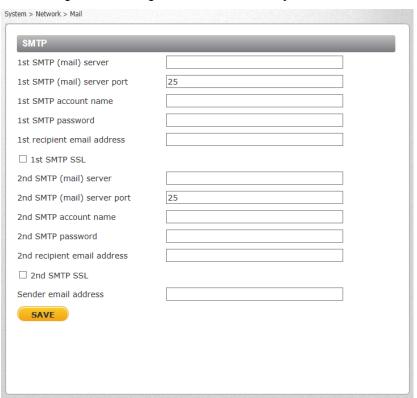


Figure 51: Mail Screen - SMTP

Two SMTP server accounts can be configured with or without SSL encryption. Enter the settings for the 1st SMTP server and 2nd SMTP server in the appropriate fields. Settings include SMTP server, server port (the default port is 25), account name, password, and recipient e-mail address settings. To encrypt e-mail with SSL, select the 1st SMTP SSL and/or 2nd SMTP SSL checkbox. For SMTP server details, contact your network service provider. Click **SAVE** when finished.

9.3.3.7 FTP

The Administrator can send an alarm message to one or two File Transfer Protocol (FTP) sites when motion is detected. FTP notifications are set by selecting the checkbox for an FTP-related triggered action on the IO and Network Failure Detection screens.

For each server, enter the server IP address, server port number, user name, password, and remote folder path. Settings are entered in the **System > Network > FTP** screen:

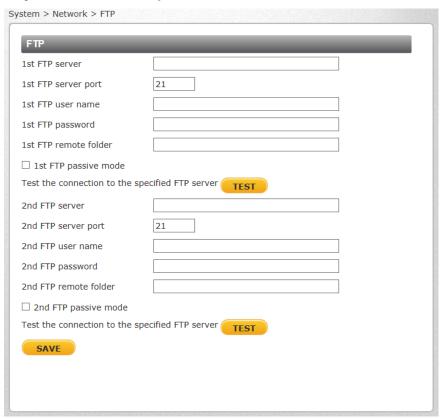


Figure 52: FTP Screen

To use passive mode, select the 1st FTP passive mode or 2nd FTP passive mode checkbox for the respective server. In passive mode, FTP the client initiates both connections to the server, solving the problem of firewalls filtering the incoming data port connection to the client from the server.

In order to support passive mode FTP on the server-side firewall, the following communication channels must be opened:

- FTP server's port 21 from anywhere (client initiates connection)
- FTP server's port 21 to ports > 1023 (server responds to client's control port)
- FTP server's ports > 1023 from anywhere (client initiates data connection to random port specified by server)
- FTP server's ports > 1023 to remote ports > 1023 (server sends ACKs and data to client's data port)

To test the connection to the specified FTP server, click **TEST** for the first or second server.

Click SAVE when finished.

9.3.4 Events Setup

The **Events Setup** tab includes the following screens:

• IO • Network Failure Detection

9.3.4.1 IO

The **IO** screen is used to control input and output alarms and messages, which are generated when an event is recognized by the system.

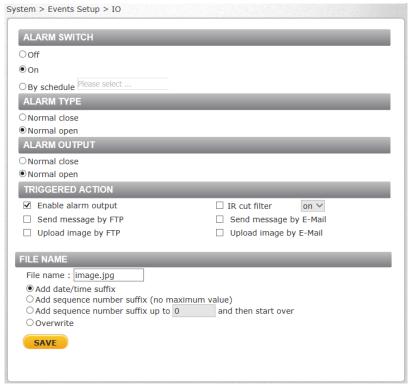


Figure 53: 10 Screen

Alarm Switch

The Administrator can select from the following options:

- Select Off to disable an alarm.
- Select On to enable an alarm (default setting).
- Select *By Schedule* to set a schedule. Then click *Please Select* to select up to 10 schedules from the drop-down list that opens. The selected schedules are displayed in the *Please Select* text box. To set a schedule, open the Schedule tab.

Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.



Note:

Actions related to an analytic event that is defined in the <u>Analytics > Responses</u> screen are not affected by the status of the alarm switch.

Alarm Type

Select an alarm type (*Normal close* or *Normal open*) that corresponds to the alarm application. *Normal open* is the default setting. Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

Alarm Output

Define the normal alarm output signal as *Normal Open* or *Normal Close*, according to the current alarm application. *Normal open* is the default setting. Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

Trigger Action

The Administrator can specify various alarm actions to take when an alarm is triggered. The following options are available:

- Enable alarm output Select this checkbox to enable alarm relay output. The checkbox is not selected by default.
- Send message by FTP Select the checkbox send an alarm message by FTP when an alarm is triggered.
- Upload image by FTP Select this box to assign an FTP site and configure the parameters shown. When an alarm is triggered, event images are uploaded to the designated FTP site.



Note:

Images can be sent by FTP only when MJPEG is selected as the video stream from the Video Format screen.

- 7. Follow these steps:
 - From the FTP address drop-down list, select one of the two FTP addresses to use.
 - From the Pre-trigger buffer and Post-trigger buffer drop-down lists, select the number of frames for the buffer from 1-20 frames.

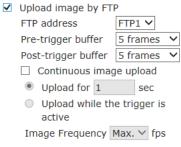


Figure 54: Upload Image by FTP

- Select the Continuous image upload checkbox to upload an image by FTP for a defined period of time or while the trigger is active. Select one of the following options:
 - To specify the length of time for the upload, select Upload for and enter the number of seconds in the text box.
 - To upload while the trigger is active, select *Upload while the trigger is active*.

In the *Image Frequency* text box, from the drop-down list select the number of frames per seconds from 1-15 for the upload.



Note:

Make sure that FTP configuration has been completed. See FTP for details.

- IR Cut Filter Select this checkbox to switch the camera between Day and Night mode.
- Send message by E-Mail Select the checkbox send an alarm message by e-mail when an alarm is triggered. The e-mail address is entered in the Mail screen.

• Upload image by E-Mail – Select this checkbox to assign an e-mail address for sending the image captured by a triggered alarm. The e-mail address is entered in the Mail screen.



Note:

Images can be sent by e-mail only when MJPEG is selected as the video stream from the Video Format screen.

- From the E-Mail address drop-down list, select one of the two e-mail addresses.
- From the Pre-trigger buffer and Post-trigger buffer drop-down lists, select the number of frames for the buffer from 1-20 frames.

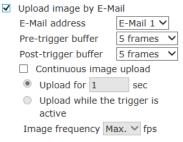


Figure 55: Upload Image by E-Mail

- Check the *Continuous image upload* box if you wish to upload an image by e-mail for a defined period of time or while the trigger is active. Select one of the following options:
 - To specify the length of time for the upload, select Upload for and enter the number of seconds in the text box.
 - To upload while the trigger is active, select *Upload while the trigger is active*.

In the *Image Frequency* text box, from the drop-down list select the number of frames per seconds from 1-15 for the upload.



Note:

Make sure that SMTP configuration has been completed. See Mail for details.

Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

File Name

- File Name Enter a file name in the field, for example *image.jpg*. The uploaded image's file name format is set in this section. Select one that meets your requirements.
- Add date/time suffix (default setting)

File name: imageYYMMDD_HHNNSS_XX.jpg

Y: Year, M: Month, D: Day

H: Hour, N: Minute, S: Second

X: Sequence Number

• Add sequence number suffix (no maximum value)

File name: imageXXXXXXX.jpg

X: Sequence Number

Add sequence number suffix (limited value)

File Name: imageXX.jpg

X: Sequence Number

The file name suffix ends at the number being set. For example, if the setting is up to "10," the file name will start from 00, end at 10, and then start over again.

Overwrite
 The original image in the FTP site will be overwritten by the new uploaded file with a static filename.

Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

9.3.4.2 Network Failure Detection

Settings on the **Network Failure Detection** screen enable the camera to periodically ping another IP device within the network to detect a network failure, for example, if a video server is disconnected.

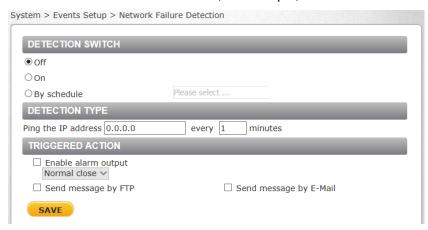


Figure 56: Network Failure Detection Screen

Detection Switch

The Administrator can select from the following options:

- Select Off to disable an alarm (default setting).
- Select On to enable an alarm.
- Select *By Schedule* to set a schedule. Then click *Please Select* to select up to 10 schedules from the drop-down list that opens. The selected schedules are displayed in the *Please Select* text box. To set a schedule, open the Schedule tab.

Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

Detection Type

In the text box, enter the IP address to ping and the time interval (in minutes) between pings. Click **SAVE** after configuring the settings.

Triggered Action

The Administrator can specify various alarm actions to be taken when an alarm is triggered. The options are listed below.

- Enable alarm output Check this box and select the predefined type of alarm output (low or high) to enable alarm relay when a network failure is detected.
- Send message by FTP Select whether to send an alarm message by FTP when a network failure is detected.
- Send message by E-Mail Select whether to send an alarm message by e-mail when a network failure is detected.

Click **SAVE** to save the network failure detection settings.

9.3.5 Schedule

The **Schedule** screen is used for setting schedules for the recording of events triggered in the <u>Events Setup > IO</u> and <u>Events Setup > Network Failure Detection</u> screens. The functions in this tab allow administrators to create customized schedules for the camera that uses this option. If a schedule exists, the administrator can apply that schedule to this camera using the available drop-down list. See Figure 57: Schedule Screen.

To access the schedule function, open the **Main** window, select the **System** tab, and click the **Schedule** tab.



Note:

This application is not the same as the Recording Schedule function. It is not used for recording live video.

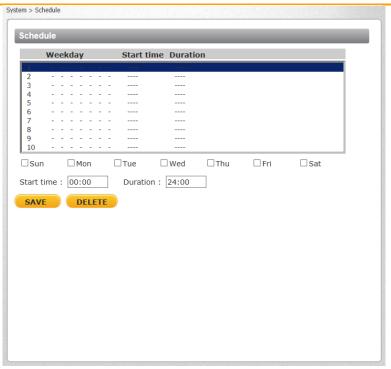


Figure 57: Schedule Screen

To create a new schedule or edit an existing schedule

- 1. Select the appropriate checkbox for the day(s) of the week (Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri and Sat) to create a schedule.
- 2. Set Start time (for example, 09:00) and Duration (for example, 4:00 hours).
- 3. Click **SAVE** to apply the newly created schedule to the camera.

To remove a schedule

- 1. To remove a schedule, select the setup data line by line.
- 2. Click **DELETE** to remove.

9.3.6 File Location

From the **File Location** page, specify a storage location for snapshots and web recordings. The default setting is: C:\. After confirming the setting, click **SAVE** to save the snapshots and recordings in the designated location.

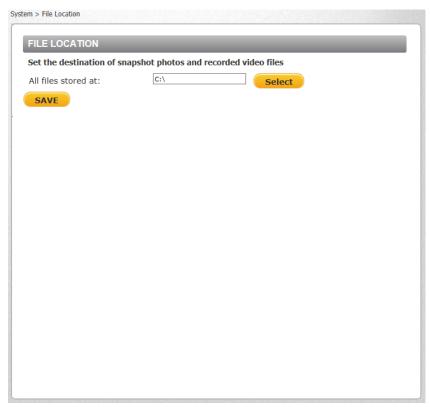


Figure 58: File Location Screen



Note:

- 1. Make sure the selected file path contains valid characters.
- 2. When using Windows 8 OS, the storage location cannot be C:\. You must define a storage location that does not require Administrator privileges on the PC.

9.3.7 Maintenance

Clicking the Maintenance tab in the System screen opens a drop-down menu with the following tabs:

- <u>Log File</u> <u>User</u> Information
- Factory Default
- Software Version
- Software Upgrade
- Parameters

9.3.7.1 Log File

Click **Log file** to view the system log file. The content of the file provides information about connections after system boot-up.

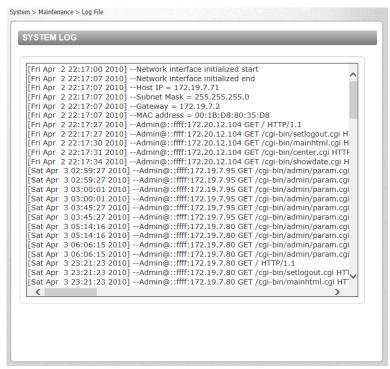


Figure 59: Log File Screen

9.3.7.2 User Information

The Administrator can view each user's login information and privileges in the **User information** screen shown below.

View User Login Information

Click **GET USER INFORMATION** to see each user's details. For example: *admin: admin.* This indicates that the user's login username is *admin* and the password is *admin.*



Figure 60: User Information Screen - Get User Information

View User Privilege

Click **GET USER PRIVACY** to view each user's privileges.



Figure 61: User Information - Get User Privacy

In the screen above, the a*dmin* is granted privileges of I/O access, Camera control, Talk and Listen, and Analytics, which are the maximum privileges that can be granted. The user Joe has only I/O access privilege.



Note:

User credentials and privileges are set in the User screen (page 40).

9.3.7.3 Factory Default

The **Factory default** page is shown below. Follow the instructions to reset the camera system settings to factory default settings if needed.

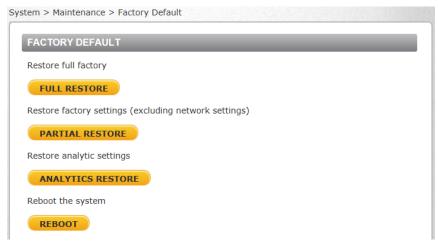


Figure 62: Factory Default Screen

Full Restore

Click **FULL RESTORE** to restore the factory default settings of the camera system. The system restarts in 30 seconds.



Note:

The IP address and all other settings will be restored to factory default settings.

Partial Restore

Click **PARTIAL RESTORE** to restore the factory default settings of the camera system, but save the network settings. The system restarts in 30 seconds.



Figure 63: Partial Restore Screen

Analytics Restore

Click **ANALYTICS RESTORE** to reset the analytic firmware.



Note:

Analytics firmware is stored in a separate file than the camera system firmware. To backup and restore the analytics firmware version, see <u>Analytics > Backup & Restore</u>.

Reboot

Click **REBOOT** to restart the system without changing current settings.

9.3.7.4 Software Version

The current version of the camera system software is displayed in the **Software Version** screen.



Figure 64: Software Version Screen



Note:

To view the analytics firmware version, see Analytics > Firmware.

9.3.7.5 Software Upgrade

The **Software Upgrade** screen enables you to select a software file to upload.



Figure 65: Software Upgrade Screen



Note:

- 1. Make sure that the software upgrade file is available before performing a software upgrade.
- 2. Do not change the file name. If you change the upgrade file name, the system will fail to find the file.
- 3. Analytics firmware is stored in a separate file than the camera system software. To upgrade the analytics firmware version, see Analytics > Firmware.



Warning:

- 1. Do not unplug power while entering file names.
- 2. Do not unplug power or change the screen while upgrading software.

Avertissement:

- 1. Ne débranchez pas l'alimentation pendant la modification des noms de fichiers.
- 2. Ne débranchez pas l'alimentation pendant la mise à niveau du logiciel.

To upgrade the software

1. In the Step 1 text box, click Browse and select the binary file to be uploaded, for example, uImage userland ioi HD camera 20151023.img (uImage userland all.img).



Note:

Do not change the file name. If you change the upgrade file name, the system will fail to find the file.

- 2. From the drop-down menu of binary files in Step 2, select the file to upgrade. In the above example userland (userland.img) is selected.
- 3. Click **UPGRADE**. The system verifies that the upgrade file exists and begins to upload the file. The upgrade status bar is displayed on the page. When the upgrade process is completed, the **Live** page is displayed.
- 4. Close the web browser.
- 5. From the Windows Start menu, select Control Panel.
- 6. Select Uninstall a Program.
- 7. In the Currently installed programs list, select Quasar Player.

8. Click **Uninstall** to delete the existing *DVPlayer* file.



Note:

For more information about deleting an existing web player, see <u>Installing and Deleting the Web Player</u> (page 115)

9. Install the new ActiveX plug-in.

9.3.7.6 Parameters

The Parameters screen displays all of the system's parameter settings.

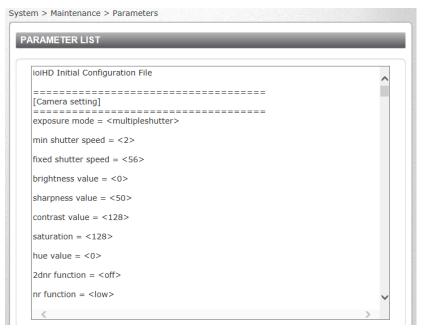


Figure 66: Parameter Screen



Note:

Slide the sidebar located on the right of the screen to view the entire list of parameters.

9.3.8 Import/Export

From the **Import/Export** screen you can export configuration files to a specified location and retrieve data by uploading an existing configuration file to the camera.



Figure 67: Import/Export Screen



Note:

- 1. The camera firmware and the analytics firmware use separate configuration files. For analytic firmware configuration file, see Analytics > Backup & Restore.
- 2. It is not possible to import or export analytic settings from this screen.



Warning:

Do not unplug power while changing file names.

Avertissement:

Ne débranchez pas l'alimentation pendant la modification des noms de fichiers.

To export a configuration file

1. Click **EXPORT.** An information bar opens.



Figure 68: File Download Screen

- 2. Click Save.
- 3. Specify a location to save the configuration file.

To import a configuration file

- 1. Click **Browse** to select the configuration file
- 2. Click **UPLOAD**. The file is uploaded to the camera.



Warning:

Do not unplug power while changing file names.

Avertissement:

Ne débranchez pas l'alimentation pendant la modification des noms de fichiers.

9.4 Streaming Tab

Select the **Streaming** tab in the navigation bar at the top of the page to display the configurable video and audio selections in the sidebar. From the **Streaming** sidebar, the Administrator can configure a specific video resolution, video compression mode, video protocol, audio transmission mode, etc. Details of these settings are specified in the following sections.

- Video Format
- <u>Video</u>
 Compression
- Video OCX Protocol
- <u>Video Frame</u> Rate
- <u>Audio</u>



Figure 69: Streaming Section Tabs

9.4.1 Video Format

From the Video Format screen, you can configure the following settings:

- Video Resolution
- GOV Settings
- H.264 Profile



Note:

After changing the video format settings, you must restart the camera and re-enter the unit's IP address again in your browser in order to use the unit with the new settings.

9.4.1.1 Video Resolution

The IOI HD camera supports H.264/MJPEG streaming for resolutions up to 1080p. The default setting is 1920 x 1080. Both H.264 and MJPEG streaming support analog BNC video connections. Following are the supported resolutions:

PAL	NTSC
1920 x 1080	1920 x 1080
1280 x 1024	1280 x 1024
720 x 576	720 x 480

9.4.1.2 GOV Settings

Users can set the GOV length to determine the frame structure (I-frames and P-frames) in a video stream for saving bandwidth. The setting range is from 1 to 255. A longer GOV means decreasing the frequency of I-frames. The default setting is 30. Click **SAVE** to confirm the GOV setting.

9.4.1.3 H.264 Profile

The H.264 standard defines 21 sets of capabilities. These are referred to as profiles and they target specific classes of applications. In the security industry, the most common are as follows:

Baseline Profile (BP)

Primarily for low-cost applications that require additional data loss robustness, *Baseline Profile* is used in some videoconferencing and mobile applications. This is the most common profile used in IP security cameras due to the low computational cost of processing the video using this profile.

Main Profile (MP)

This profile provides improved picture quality at reduced bandwidths and storage costs and is becoming more common as the camera processors (DSPs) become more able to handle the processing load. *Main Profile* can save 10-12% over *Baseline*. This is the default profile.

High Profile (HP)

High Profile is the primary profile for HD broadcast applications. It can save 10-12% of the storage cost over *Main Profile*. However, it may also increase video latency, depending on the stream structure. Units default to the *Main Profile* to provide the best trade-off between storage size and video latency.

Click **SAVE** to confirm the settings.

9.4.2 Video Compression

From the Video Compression page, you can specify MJPEG and H.264 compression settings.

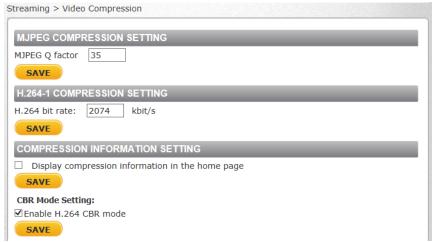


Figure 70: Video Compression Screen

MJPEG Compression Setting

A higher value implies higher bit rates and higher visual quality. The default setting of the MJPEG Q factor is 35. The setting range is from 1 to 45. Click **SAVE** to confirm the setting.

H.264-1 Compression Setting

The default setting of H.264 is 2074 kbps. The setting range is from 64 to 8192 kbps. Click **SAVE** to confirm the setting.

Compression Information Setting

Select the checkbox to display compression information on the **Home** page. The default setting is *Display compression information in the home page*. Click **SAVE** to confirm the setting.

CBR Mode Setting

If available bandwidth is limited, check *Enable H.264 CBR mode* to use Constant Bit Rate. The default setting is *Enable H.264 CBR mode*. To operate the camera in Variable Bit Rate (VBR) mode, uncheck the CBR checkbox. Click **SAVE** to confirm the setting.



Note:

CBR mode affects image quality.

9.4.3 Video OCX Protocol

From the **Video OCX Protocol** page, you can select various protocols for streaming media over the network. In the case of multicast networking, select *Multicast mode*. Three streams are available on CB-6204 cameras. Four streams are available on CB-6208 cameras.

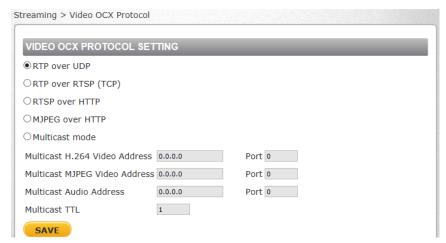


Figure 71: Video OCX Protocol Screen

Video OCX protocol setting options include:

- RTP over UDP
- RTP over RTSP (TCP)
- RTSP over HTTP
- MJPEG over HTTP
- Multicast mode Enter in each field all required data, including Multicast H.264 Video Address and Port, Multicast MJPEG Video Address and Port, Multicast Audio Address and Port, and Multicast TTL. The default Multicast TTL (time-to-live) setting is 1, which prevents multicast datagrams from being forwarded beyond a single sub-network.

Click **SAVE** to confirm the settings.

9.4.4 Video Frame Rate

From the **Video Frame Rate** screen, you can specify the frames per second (fps) for each video compression format.



Figure 72: Video Frame Rate Screen

MJPEG/H.264 Frame Rate Setting

The default setting of the MJPEG and H.264 frame rate is 30 fps in NTSC and 25 fps in PAL. Settings are:

- PAL: 1, 5, 13, and 25 fps
- NTSC: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7.5, 10, 15, and 30 fps



Click **SAVE** to confirm the settings.



Note:

Images can be sent by FTP or email only when MJPEG steaming is selected as one of the streams.

9.4.5 Audio

From the **Audio** screen you can select the Transmission Mode, Server Gain, Bit Rate, and enable or disable storage of the audio recording.

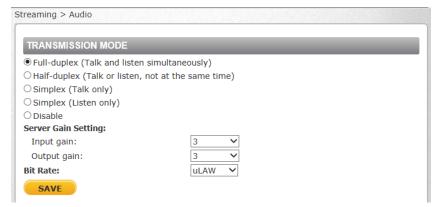


Figure 73: Audio Screen

Transmission Mode

- Full-duplex (Talk and listen simultaneously) In the Full-duplex mode, the local and remote sites can communicate with each other simultaneously, i.e. both sites can speak and be heard at the same time.
- Half-duplex (Talk or listen, not at the same time) In the Half-duplex mode, the local or remote site can only talk or listen to the other site at one time.
- Simplex (Talk only) In the Talk only Simplex mode, the local/remote site can only talk to the
 other site.
- Simplex (Listen only) In the Listen only Simplex mode, the local/remote site can only listen to the other site.
- Disable Select this option to turn off the audio transmission function.

Server Gain Setting

Set the audio input/output gain levels for sound amplification. The audio input gain is adjustable from 1 to 10. The audio output gain is adjustable from 1-6. The sound will be turned off if the audio gain is set to *Mute*. The default audio input and output gain setting is 3.

Bit Rate

Selectable audio transmission bit rate include 16 kbps (G.726), 24 kbps (G.726), 32 kbps (G.726), 40 kbps (G.726), μ LAW (G.711) and ALAW (G.711). Both μ LAW and ALAW signify 64 kbps, but in different compression formats. A higher bit rate enables higher audio quality, but requires higher bandwidth. The default setting is ν LAW.



Note:

Latitude does not support G.726.

Click **SAVE** to confirm the settings.

9.5 Camera Tab

From the Camera tab, the administrator can adjust any of the camera settings from the following tabs:

- Exposure
- Picture Adjustment
- Advanced Picture
 Settings
- IR Function
- Misc.



Figure 74: Camera Section Tabs

Every screen in the Camera section includes the following pushbuttons to the left of the Live View

Zoom	Wide	Tele	Reset		Click the Wide or Tele Zoom button to implement continuous zoom adjustment. Click Reset to return the zoom to the default setting.
Step	Wide	Tele	8 step	<	Click the Wide or Tele Step button to alternate the zoom between wide and telephoto views within a user-defined range of steps, which can be selected from the drop-down menu.
Focus	Near	Far	Reset		Click the Near or Far Focus button to implement continuous focus adjustment. Click Reset to return the zoom to the default setting.
Step	Near	Far	8 step	<	Click the Near or Far Step button to alternate the focus between near and far views within a user-defined range, which can be selected from the drop-down menu.
AF	Manual	Zoom	Push		Click the Manual button to manually change the focus after changing the zoom. Click the Zoom button so that the focus will be adjusted automatically after changing zoom. Click the Push AF button once to adjust zoom or focus. In this mode, the camera automatically and continuously maintains focus regardless of zoom or view changes.

9.5.1 Exposure

window:

The **Exposure** screen is used to configure lens settings and exposure modes. The exposure is the amount of light received by the image sensor. It is determined by the amount of exposure by the sensor's shutter speed, lens aperture, and screen illumination.

Administrators may either allow the camera to automatically select an exposure level using a programmed algorithm or choose the level themselves. The higher the shutter speed that the administrator selects, the lower the exposure level and vice versa.

The displayed **Exposure** screen depend on whether Shutter WDR is configured as *On* or *Off* in the <u>Misc.</u> screen.

9.5.1.1 Exposure Screen with Shutter WDR On

Two exposure options are available when Shutter WDR is set to *On: WDR Multiple Shutter* and *WDR Multiple Shutter RSS*.

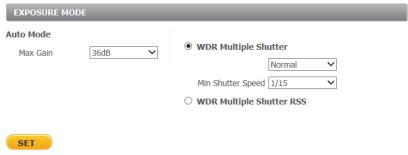


Figure 75: Exposure Screen with Shutter WDR On



Caution:

Using a slow shutter speed causes moving objects to be blurred.

Attention

L'utilisation de vitesses d'obturation faibles peut rendre les objets en mouvement flous.

To set the Exposure mode

 From the Auto Mode Max Gain drop-down list, set the maximum gain in 3db steps from Off to 54dB. Increasing the gain lightens dark pictures resulting from low-level lighting. The default setting is 36dB.



Caution:

The noise level might increase if the gain level is set too high in low-light scenes.

Attention.

Le niveau de bruit peut augmenter si le niveau de gain est trop élevé dans les scènes à faible luminosité.

- 2. Select one of the following modes:
 - WDR Multiple Shutter (True WDR) In WDR Multiple Shutter mode, the camera's shutter speed works automatically to achieve a consistent video output level. Select the shutter speed that provides the ideal image quality according to the environmental luminance. This setting is Off by default.
 - a. From the drop-down list, select Normal or WDR First.
 - Normal Select this setting for low-light conditions.
 - WDR First This mode is recommended for indoor environments with mixed lighting sources where the main source is indoor lighting and natural light enters the scene through windows and other exposed areas. The setting reduces the overexposure in the area with natural lighting.
 - b. From the Min Shutter Speed drop-down list, select a shutter speed from 1/12 to 1/425 sec (PAL) or 1/15 to 1/500 sec (NTSC). The default setting is 1/12 (PAL) or 1/15 (NTSC). The following table displays the options.

	iple Shutter tter Speed		tiple Shutter tter Speed
PAL	NTSC	PAL	NTSC
1/425	1/500	1/100	1/100
1/300	1/350	1/75	1/90
1/215	1/250	1/50	1/60
1/150	1/180	1/25	1/30
1/120	1/125	1/12	1/15

c. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

 WDR Multiple Shutter RSS – This setting is recommended when flickering occurs in indoor applications where fluorescent lighting is used. The shutter speed decreases in order to compensate for decreased ambient lighting.



Figure 76: Multiple Shutter RSS Exposure Screen

- a. From the drop-down list, select Normal or WDR First.
 - Normal See explanation above.
 - WDR First See explanation above.
- b. From the *Min Shutter Speed* drop-down list, select a shutter speed. A fixed exposure is set, while other parameters can change. The range is from 1 to 1/500 sec (NTSC) or 1/1.5 to 1/425 sec (PAL). The following table displays the options.

WDR Multiple Shutter RSS Min Shutter Speed			tiple Shutter RSS Shutter Speed
PAL	PAL NTSC		NTSC
1/425	1/500	1/100	1/100
1/300	1/350	1/75	1/90
1/215	1/250	1/50	1/60
1/150	1/180	1/25	1/30
1/120	1/125	1/12	1/15

3. Click SET to confirm the new setting.

9.5.1.2 Exposure Screen with Shutter WDR Off

Five exposure options are available when Shutter WDR is set to *Off. Auto Iris*, *Auto Shutter*, *Shutter Priority*, *Flickerless*, and *Manual Mode*.

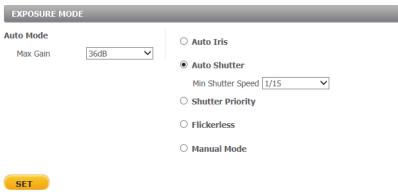


Figure 77: Exposure Screen with Shutter WDR Off



Caution:

Using a slow shutter speed causes moving objects to be blurred.

Attention

L'utilisation de vitesses d'obturation faibles peut rendre les objets en mouvement flous.

To set the Exposure mode

1. From the *Auto Mode Max Gain* drop-down list, set the maximum gain in 3db steps from *Off* to 54dB. Increasing the gain lightens dark pictures resulting from low-level lighting. The default setting is 36dB.



Caution:

The noise level might increase if the gain level is set too high in low-light scenes.

Attention:

Le niveau de bruit peut augmenter si le niveau de gain est trop élevé dans les scènes à faible luminosité.

- 2. Select one of the following modes:
 - Auto Iris— This mode is recommended to be used in indoor environments involving
 mixed lighting sources where the main source is fluorescent lighting combined with
 natural light that enters the scene through windows and other exposed areas.
 This mode completely opens the shutter. The exposure priority is given to the iris.
 Shutter speed and AGC circuit function automatically in cooperating with the iris to
 achieve a consistent exposure output.

From the *Min Shutter Speed* drop-down list, select one of the following shutter speed options. The default setting is 1/12 (PAL) or 1/15 (NTSC).

Auto Iris Min Shutter Speed		
PAL	NTSC	
1/25	1/30	
1/12	1/15	

 Auto Shutter – This is the default exposure mode of the camera. It is recommended for the following scenarios: outdoor environments or indoor environments with unified lighting (either with constant or changeable lighting conditions), as long as the main light source is fluorescent lighting.

Select this mode so that the camera's shutter speed works automatically to achieve a consistent video output level. You can select a suitable shutter speed according to the environmental luminance.

From the *Min Shutter Speed* drop-down list, select one of the following shutter speed options. The shutter speed range is from 1/12 to 1/425 sec (PAL) to 1/15 to 1/500 sec (NTSC). The default setting is 1/12 (PAL) or 1/15 (NTSC).

	o Shutter outter Speed		o Shutter nutter Speed
PAL	NTSC	PAL	NTSC
1/425	1/500	1/100	1/100
1/300	1/350	1/75	1/90
1/215	1/250	1/50	1/60
1/150	1/180	1/25	1/30
1/120	1/125	1/12	1/15

• Shutter Priority – Select this mode to set a fixed exposure while other parameters can change. The shutter speed range is from 1/25 to 1/425 sec (PAL) to 1/30 to 1/500 sec (NTSC). The default setting is 1/25 (PAL) or 1/30 (NTSC). From the Min Shutter Speed drop-down list, select one of the following shutter speed options.

	er Priority utter Speed		tter Priority hutter Speed
PAL	NTSC	PAL	NTSC
1/425	1/500	1/100	1/100
1/300	1/350	1/75	1/90
1/215	1/250	1/50	1/60
1/150	1/180	1/25	1/30
1/120	1/125		

Flickerless – This mode is used to eliminate flicker for indoor applications where fluorescent lighting is used. The darker the ambient lighting, the slower the shutter speed should be. The shutter speed range is from 1/12 to 1/100 sec (PAL) or 1/15 to 1/100 sec (NTSC). The default setting is 1/12 (PAL) or 1/15 (NTSC). From the Min Shutter Speed drop-down list, select one of the following shutter speed options.

Flickerless Min Shutter Speed		
PAL	NTSC	
1/100	1/100	
1/75	1/90	
1/50	1/60	
1/25	1/30	
1/12	1/15	

 Manual Mode – Manual mode is used generally where light levels are fixed and the auto settings do not provide the perfect exposure. It is recommended for scenes such as indoor scenes, where there is a fixed lighting contrast and a constant, precise exposure is required.

Manual Mode opens the iris completely with a fixed gain to a fixed shutter speed. Users can select a suitable shutter speed according to the environmental luminance. Increasing the value of the fixed shutter increases the amount of light entering the sensor. This allows a brighter and more detailed image. Similarly, utilizing gain and increasing its level increases the sensitivity of the image sensor, which brightens the image and add details. This increases the level of noise in the image.

In Manual Mode, the administrator can select a fixed shutter speed and gain from dropdown menus. The smaller the shutter speed number (the higher the shutter speed), the lower the exposure level. The higher the gain, the brighter the picture.



Caution:

Noise levels can be compromised when using the 2DNR/3DNR functions.

Attention .

Les niveaux de bruits peuvent être compromis avec les fonctions 2DNR/3DNR.

From the *Shutter* drop-down list, select a suitable shutter speed from 1/12 to 1/10000 sec (PAL) and 1/15 to 1/10000 sec (NTSC), according to the environmental luminance The default setting is 1/150 (PAL) or 1/180 (NTSC). The following table displays the options.

Manual Mode		
Fixed Shutter Speeds		
PAL	NTSC	
1/10000	1/10000	
1/3500	1/4000	
1/2500	1/3000	
1/1750	1/2000	
1/1250	1/1500	
1/1000	1/1000	
1/600	1/725	
1/425	1/500	
1/300	1/350	
1/215	1/250	
1/150	1/180	
1/120	1/125	
1/100	1/100	
1/75	1/90	
1/50	1/60	
1/25	1/30	
1/12	1/15	

From the *Gain* drop-down list, set the maximum gain in 3db steps from *Off* to 54dB. Increasing the gain lightens dark pictures resulting from low-level lighting. The default setting is 36dB.

Click SET when you finish setting the gain.

9.5.2 Picture Adjustment

Adjustment of some qualities of the video is made possible by selecting *Picture Adjustment* in the **Camera** tab. Brightness, Sharpness, Contrast, Saturation and Hue may all be adjusted via drop-down menus from this window, as shown below.



Figure 78: Camera Settings Screen – Picture Adjustment

Brightness

You can adjust the image's brightness by adjusting this parameter. Select from the range between +1 to +25. To increase video brightness, select a larger number. The default setting is 0. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

Sharpness

Increasing the sharpness level can make the image look sharper, especially enhancing the object's edge. Select from the range between -15 to +10 in 1dB steps. The default setting is -10. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

Contrast

Camera image contrast level is adjustable. Select from a range of -13 to +12 in 1dB steps. The default setting is 0. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

Saturation

Camera image saturation level is adjustable. Select from a range of -12 to +13 in 1dB steps. The default setting is 0. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

Hue

Camera image hue level is adjustable: select from a range of +1 to +12 in 1dB steps. The default setting is 0. Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

9.5.3 Advanced Picture Settings

The options for the Advanced Picture Settings screen depend on whether Shutter WDR is configured as *On* or *Off* from the <u>Camera > Misc.</u> screen. In both cases, 3DNR and 2DNR noise reduction settings are configured from this screen.

Noise reduction settings are used to reduce or eliminate artifacts that can limit the ability to positively identify an object. There are two types of noise: luminance and color (chroma) noise.

3DNR and 2DNR settings reduce luminance noise, which is composed of dots of various brightness levels (black, white and gray). It is not recommended to completely eliminate luminance noise, which can result in unnatural images.

Advanced Picture Settings with WDR On

When Advanced Picture Settings are enabled (configured as *On*), the user can configure only 3DNR and 2DNR settings from this screen.



Figure 79: Advanced Picture Settings Screen with WDR On

3DNR

3DNR (3D Noise Reduction) provides superior noise reduction and is recommended for use in in extra low-light conditions. It is especially useful for reducing blur with moving objects. The 3DNR function reduces image noise/snow in low-light conditions by comparing adjacent frames. A higher level of 3DNR generates relatively enhanced noise reduction, although it creates more motion blur than 2DNR on moving objects.

The noise reduction is selectable from *Off, Low, Middle,* and *High.* The default setting is *Low.* Click **SET** to confirm the new settings.

2DNR

2DNR (2D Noise Reduction) analyzes individual frames pixel by pixel and frame by frame to eliminate environmental noise and deliver optimized image quality, especially in low-light conditions. 2DNR tends to produce superior results for moving objects when applied to areas in the field of view where movement is present. However, it is less precise than 3DNR.

Settings include *Enable* and *Disable*. The default setting is *Disable*. Click **SET** to confirm the new settings.



Caution:

Noise levels can be compromised when using the 2DNR/3DNR functions.

Attention:

Les niveaux de bruits peuvent être compromis avec les fonctions 2DNR/3DNR.

Advanced Picture Settings with WDR Off

When Advanced Picture Settings are disabled (configured as *Off*), in addition to 3DNR and 2DNR settings, the user can configure Backlight Compensation and Gamma WDR from this screen.



Figure 80: Advanced Picture Settings Screen with WDR Off

Backlight compensation is used in images where a bright light source is behind the subject of interest. Without backlight compensation, the subject would normally appear in silhouette. The backlight function of the camera allows it to adjust the exposure of the entire image to properly expose the subject in the foreground.

Select On or Off. The default setting is Off. Click **SET** to confirm the new settings.

Gamma WDR, also known as dWDR. resolves high contrast or changing light issues in order to enhance the image quality. It does this by producing a larger amount of details in both the dark and bright areas of the image. Such scenes combine areas with different lighting conditions, where some areas are very bright and others are dark. If this function was not used, the image either would be overexposed or too bright in bright areas and completely dark in dark areas.

Select On or Off. The default setting On. Click SET to confirm the new settings.

9.5.4 IR Function

The IR Function setting activates the IR Cut (IRC) filter for electronic day/night operation. The day/night IRC switching mechanism operates according to the ambient light level.



Figure 81: IR Function Screen

From the Day/Night Function drop-down list, select one of the four settings:

- Auto Mode The camera converts from Day mode (color) to Night mode (monochrome) automatically at nighttime or in low light conditions. When there is sufficient light, the camera converts automatically from Night mode to Day mode. This is the default setting.
- On Activates IR mode (puts camera into monochrome/Night mode).
- Off Deactivates IR mode (puts camera into color/Day mode).
- Smart Smart mode enhances monochrome/Night mode stability when IR illumination is
 dominant and keeps the camera from switching between Day and Night modes. In this mode,
 the IR Cut filter is on (i.e. monochrome/Night mode) when the IR LED illuminator also is
 activated. This prevents the camera from returning to color/Day mode.

Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

9.5.5 Miscellaneous

From the Misc. (Miscellaneous) tab, you can set the TV System and Shutter WDR.



Figure 82: Misc. Screen



Note:

The selection of Shutter WDR On or Off determines which Exposure screen is displayed.

TV System Settings

Select the video system setting: 25 fps (PAL) or 30 fps (NTSC). The default TV system is 30 fps (NTSC). Click **SET** to confirm the setting.



Note:

After changing TV System settings, the camera restarts automatically. You must re-enter the unit's IP address again in your browser in order to use the unit with the new settings. The camera restores to factory defaults and the analytics settings are deleted.

Shutter WDR

The Shutter WDR (Wide Dynamic Range) function, also known as True WDR or multi-exposure WDR, resolves high contrast or changing light issues and creates a constant video output level. The camera creates a new image with a wide dynamic range by using a combination of slow- and fast-exposure shutters and an algorithm to determine the optimal mix of light and dark regions within the scene from the two shutters.



Figure 83: Shutter WDR On Shutter WDR is selectable between On or Off:



Figure 84: Shutter WDR Off

- When *On* is selected, the image has a wide dynamic range, so that the IP camera can capture a greater scale of brightness. This is the default setting.
- Selecting Off disables this function.

Click **SET** to confirm the new setting.

9.6 Analytics Tab

The IOI HD camera includes a rich set of video analytic functionality embedded in its firmware. The Analytics tab contains menus for defining the camera's Field of View depth and detection rules, including region entrance, loitering, tripwire crossover, fence trespass, unattended baggage, stopped vehicle, and object removal.



Figure 85: Analytics > Manual Depth Screen

In real-time, the camera sends notifications and alarms upon the occurrence of events. You can set customizable rules and criteria to define the perimeter, region, and what to detect. The camera's analytic software ensures a high probability of detection with an extremely low false alarm rate.

Use the **Analytics** tab to configure the following functions:

- Depth
- Rules
- Responses
- Scheduled Actions
- On-Screen Display
- Firmware
- Backup & Restore



Caution:

The camera is disarmed when configuring Analytics. Detection will not take place until the camera is manually re-armed from the **Home** screen.

Attention:

La caméra est désactivée lors de la configuration d'Analytics. La détection n'aura lieu qu'après que la caméra soit réactivée depuis l'écran **Accueil**.

9.6.1 Depth

The **Depth** screen enables you define the perspective of the scene being monitored and to. It is used to set human markers, ground guidelines, camera height, horizon, and advanced depth regions (such as hills, planes and fences), which create a virtual 3D model for measurement of distances and sizes from the perspective of the camera. The screen contains a wizard that facilitates configuring the depth settings. See Figure 85: Analytics > Manual Depth Screen (page 84).

Automatic Calibration

Depth settings can be configured automatically by using the Auto Calibration (automatic depth calibration) algorithm from the **Auto** depth screen. By default, the **Auto** screen is displayed.

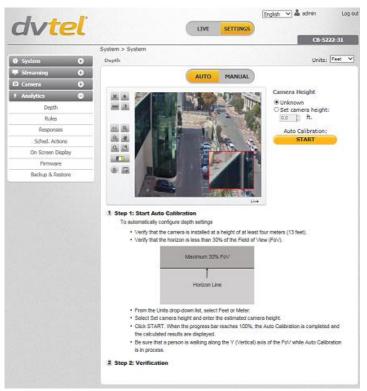


Figure 86: Auto Depth Screen - Auto Calibration



Note:

The **Auto** screen remains the default setting unless you select the **Manual** depth screen. If you select the **Manual** screen and click **APPLY**, the **Manual** screen remains the default setting until you select the **Auto** screen again and the Auto Calibration process is completed.

The Auto Calibration function automatically configures scene depth and calculates camera height, focal length, and tilt angle according to the scene depth. The system discovers people in the scene and configures human markers automatically. This function eliminates the time and effort required to manually add human markers.



Note:

If you use the Auto Calibration function, it is possible to configure additional settings manually and verify the Auto Calibration settings after the Auto Calibration process is completed. Click **MANUAL** in order to configure additional settings.

To automatically configure depth settings

- 1. Verify that the camera is installed at a height of at least four meters (13 feet).
- 2. Verify that the horizon is less than 30% of the Field of View (FoV).

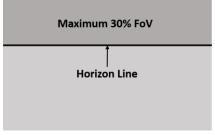


Figure 87: Horizon Line

- 3. From the **Settings** tab, select **Analytics > Depth**. The **Auto** depth screen opens. See Figure 86: Auto Depth Screen Auto Calibration.
- 4. From the *Units* drop-down list, select *Feet* or *Meter*.
- 5. Select Set estimated height.
- 6. Enter the estimated camera height in the text box.
- 7. Click **START**. The camera automatically calibrates the depth.
- 8. Be sure that a person is walking along the Y (Vertical) axis of the FoV while Auto Calibration is in process. When the progress bar reaches 100%, the Auto Calibration is completed and the calculated results are displayed.



Note:

While Auto Calibration is in progress, you can proceed with the next steps in the analytic configuration.



Caution

- 1. The Auto Configuration algorithm takes at least five minutes to run. If you stop the procedure before the progress bar reaches 100%, the analytic process will reset.
- 2. If you change from Auto to Manual mode, you must wait until the analytic process resets in order to use Manual mode.
- 9. Select the Auto > Step 2: Verification tab.
- 10. Verify that the horizon, camera height, and human marker settings are correct.



Note

If the results are unsatisfactory, run Auto Calibration again (follow Step #1 on-screen) or click **MANUAL** to manually configure the depth settings.

- 11. After finishing the Auto Configuration, click the **MANUAL** tab.
- 12. Select the Manual > Step 4: Verification tab to complete the depth configuration.

Manual Depth Calibration

If you select the MANUAL depth button, there are two methods to manually configure depth settings:

- If you are performing setup by yourself, click the **Solo Setup** tab.
- If you are not performing setup alone, proceed to Configuring Ground and Height Settings.



Note:

- 1. It is possible to select the **Step 4: Verification** tab to verify and apply settings at any time.
- 2. For detailed instructions how to set markers and guidelines, follow instructions in the *HTML Edition Units User's Guide*.

Solo Setup

The Solo Setup function enables you to install and setup the camera at a remote site without requiring another person's assistance. It is very useful and should be used even if you have another person's assistance.

With this feature, you can:

- Move around within the camera's Field of View.
- Use the camera to record a set of snapshots of the scene while the user is moving around the camera Field of View. Creating the recording of the person in the FoV can be used to adjust settings without requiring another physical walk through the FoV.
- Use the recording of his movement to setup the depth by marking his height on the camera's Field of View.

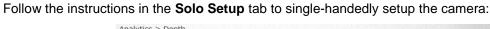




Figure 88: Analytics > Depth > Solo Setup Instructions

To perform a solo setup

1. Click the **Solo Setup** tab. The Solo Setup keypad opens with the following control icons:

Icon	Function	Notes
	Start Recording	Starts recording and browses to destination folder where the clip will be saved
	Stop Recording	Stops recording
	Browse	Browses to the destination folder where clip is stored and loads the clip
Ш	Play/Pause	Speed X1/X0
▶	Fast Forward	Speed X2, X4, X8, X16. Click to increase or decrease speed.
▶ ►	Rewind	Speed -X2, -X4, -X8, -X16. Click to increase or decrease speed.

- 2. On the Solo Setup control keypad, click **Start Recording** to record a view in the camera's Field of View.
- 3. Select a folder where to store the clip. Recording starts when the folder is selected.
- **4.** Walk through various locations across the vertical axis of the camera's Field of View in order to place ground and height markers and guidelines in the clip.
- 5. Click Stop Recording
- 6. Click Step 1: Ground & Height and follow the instructions.
- 7. Click **Browse** to load the clip from the folder where it is saved.
- 8. Use the Play Pause, Fast Forward, and Rewind buttons on the Solo Setup keypad to explore the clip. The status of the view is displayed on the bottom left side of the screen.

9. Click the round **Play** button on the control panel located to the left of the monitor to exit *Clip* mode and return to *Live* mode. The caption under the monitor changes from *Clip* to *Live*.



Figure 89: Analytics > Depth Control Panel

10. Proceed to the tabs for Steps 2-4 of the Depth Setup to complete the setup and apply settings.



Note:

At any time it is possible to click the **Verification** tab to verify and apply settings.

Configuring Ground and Height Settings

If you are not performing a solo setup, do the following:

To configure ground and height settings

1. Click the Step 1: Ground & Height tab. The Step 1: Ground & Height screen opens.

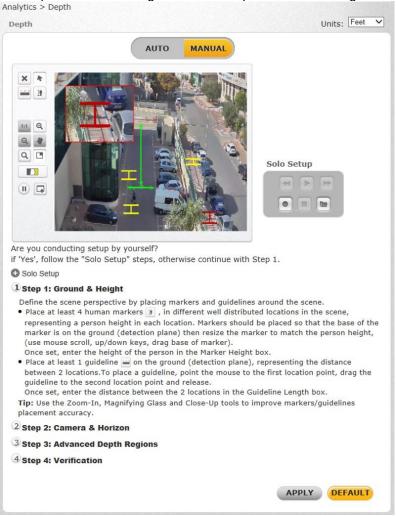


Figure 90: Analytics > Depth > Step 1: Ground & Height Screen

2. Follow the instructions on screen.

1 Step 1: Ground & Height

Define the scene perspective by placing markers and guidelines around the scene.

- Place at least 4 human markers , in different well distributed locations in the scene, representing a person height in each location. Markers should be placed so that the base of the marker is on the ground (detection plane) then resize the marker to match the person height, (use mouse scroll, up/down keys, drag base of marker).
 - Once set, enter the height of the person in the Marker Height box.
- Place at least 1 guideline i on the ground (detection plane), representing the distance between 2 locations. To place a guideline, point the mouse to the first location point, drag the guideline to the second location point and release.

Once set, enter the distance between the 2 locations in the Guideline Length box.

Tip: Use the Zoom-In, Magnifying Glass and Close-Up tools to improve markers/guidelines placement accuracy.

Figure 91: Analytics > Depth > Step 1: Ground & Height Instructions

- 3. Refer to the *HTML Edition Units User's Guide* for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.
- 4. Click APPLY when finished or continue to the next step.

Configuring Camera and Horizon Settings

After completing Solo Setup or manually configuring ground and height settings, configure camera height and horizon settings. The **Camera & Horizon** tab is used for manually discovering people in the scene and configuring human markers.

To manually configure camera and horizon settings

1. Click the Step 2: Camera & Horizon tab. The Step 2: Camera & Horizon screen opens.

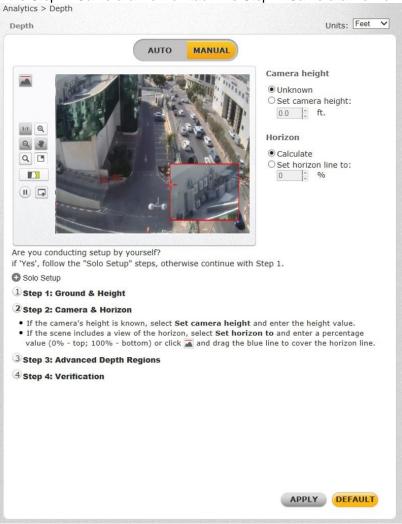


Figure 92: Analytics > Depth > Step 2: Camera & Horizon Screen

- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure camera and horizon settings.
 - 2 Step 2: Camera & Horizon
 - If the camera's height is known, select **Set camera height** and enter the height value.
 - If the scene includes a view of the horizon, select **Set horizon to** and enter a percentage value (0% top; 100% bottom) or click and drag the blue line to cover the horizon line.

Figure 93: Analytics > Depth > Step 2: Camera & Horizon Instructions

- **3.** Refer to the *HTML Edition Units User's Guide* for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.
- 4. Click APPLY when finished or continue to the next step.

Configuring Advanced Depth Region Settings

After configuring camera and horizon settings, configure advanced depth region settings.

To configure advanced depth region settings

1. Click the Step 3: Advanced Depth Regions tab. The Step 3: Advanced Depth Regions screen opens.



Figure 94: Analytics > Depth > Step 3: Advanced Depth Regions Screen

2. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure advanced depth region settings.

③ Step 3: Advanced Depth Regions

Define zones which may affect objects viewing size on the scene such as walls, hills, fences, bridges, elevated / sunken planes, etc.

Planes: Click ⑩ , position the bottom center of the marker at the plane limits, resize the marker to reflect a human object size at this position (scroll) and set (click). Repeat to define the plane limits.

Fence (Single segment): Click ⑩ , define the fence starting and end points at ground level (click and drag). Set the fence width & height graphically (drag arrows) or manually (text boxes). Fence (Multi segment): Click ⑪ , define the fence segment start and end points at ground level (click and drag). Repeat for each segment (the end point of the previous segment is the starting point of the next one). Right click on video screen to finish drawing. Set the fence width and height graphically (drag arrows) or manually (text boxes). Repeat verification (Step #3) to confirm additional settings.

Figure 95: Analytics > Depth > Step 3: Advanced Depth Regions Instructions

- Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.
- Click APPLY when finished or continue to the next step.

Settings Verification

After configuring advanced depth region settings, verify your settings.

To verify settings

1. Click the Step 4: Verification tab. The Step 4: Verification screen opens.

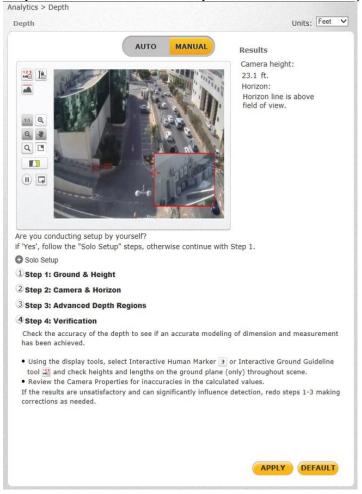


Figure 96: Analytics > Depth > Step 4: Verification Screen

2. Follow the on-screen instructions to verify settings.

4 Step 4: Verification

Check the accuracy of the depth to see if an accurate modeling of dimension and measurement has been achieved.

- Using the display tools, select Interactive Human Marker 👔 or Interactive Ground Guideline tool 🔡 and check heights and lengths on the ground plane (only) throughout scene.
- Review the Camera Properties for inaccuracies in the calculated values.

If the results are unsatisfactory and can significantly influence detection, redo steps 1-3 making corrections as needed.

Figure 97: Analytics > Depth > Step 4: Verification Instructions

- 3. Refer to the *HTML Edition Units User's Guide* for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.
- 4. Click **APPLY** when finished.

9.6.2 Rules

The **Rules** tab enables you to define detection rules according to the type of detection you want to be notified about. By default, the *Human or vehicle enter region* rule is enabled.



Figure 98: Analytics > Rules Screen

To select a different rule, click the *Human or vehicle enter region* link. Select the rule from the drop-down list.

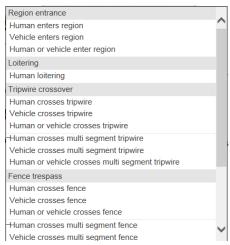


Figure 99: Rules Drop-down List

You can assign a name for the rule in the *Name* text box at the top of the screen. Select the *Enable* checkbox to activate the rule.

Detection occurs when one or more detection rules are active, the camera is in *Arm* mode, and the scenario on the video (scene) fits the detection criterion specified. When the conditions of a detection rule are met, an alarm is shown in which you can observe the detection and take the appropriate action.

Rules are configured by clicking the **Basic** or **Advanced** Attributes tabs. The **Basic** tab displays minimal information for the rule. Click **RESTORE DEFAULT** to return to factory default settings.



Figure 100: Analytics > Rules > Basic Attributes Tab

The **Basic** tab includes a setting, *Enable detection of small, crawling, or slow intruders*, which is enabled by default. The setting can detect sophisticated intruders (for example a camouflaged or crawling person) and identify people who are standing or moving upright, which helps to reduce false alarms.



Note:

The following limitations apply to this function:

- 1. It is possible that a person who is not standing upright might not be detected when:
 - Crawling
 - Walking on all four (like an animal)
 - Camouflaged to look like an inanimate object (i.e., small tree)
 - Running and viewed from the side
 - Bent over and viewed from the side
- 2. The camera should not be facing straight down (i.e., it should be at a 30-40 degree angle from the object).

The **Advanced** tab displays additional information for the rule. Click **RESTORE DEFAULT** to return to factory default settings.



Figure 101: Analytics > Rules > Advanced Attributes Tab

Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

9.6.3 Responses

The camera's embedded event engine enables you to define a set of responses (automatic actions) for selected events and to perform actions (scheduled actions) at pre-defined times during a defined monitoring period. Refer to the *HTML Edition Units User's Guide* for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

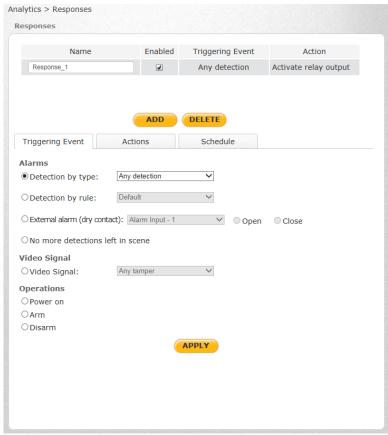


Figure 102: Analytics > Responses Screen

Each automatic response definition includes the following three parameters: Triggering event, Actions and Schedule.

1. Triggering event – Select the event that will start the automatic response.

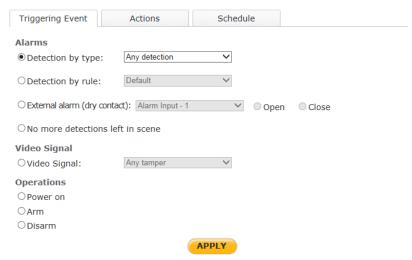


Figure 103: Responses > Triggering Event Tab

To define a triggering event

- 1. Click **ADD**. A new Response is displayed in the top of the screen.
- 2. Select Enable to activate the Response.
- 3. From the Detection by type drop-down list, select one of the following detection types: Any detection (default), Intrusion detection, Vehicle Stopped, Unattended Object, Object Removed, Tripwire detection, Fence detection, or Loitering detection. The selection is displayed in the top of the screen.
- 4. From the Detection by rule drop-down list, select a rule that was defined in the Rules tab.
- From the External alarm (dry contact) drop-down list, select Alarm Input -1 or Alarm Input -2. Then select Open or Close to trigger an event when the contact is Normally Open or Normally Closed.
- 6. Select *No more detections left in scene* if you want the triggering event to occur when there are no additional objects remaining in the scene to be detected.
- 7. From the Video Signal drop-down list, select one of the following: *Any tamper, Video Signal Ok, No Video Signal, Low Video Signal, Bad Video Signal, or Camera Shift.*
- 8. Select one of the following operations to define when the triggering action will occur:
 - Power on
 - Arm
 - Disarm
- 9. Click **APPLY** to save the configuration.

To delete a triggering event

- 1. Select the event from the top of the **Responses** screen.
- 2. Click **DELETE**. The event is deleted.
- 2. Actions Select the action to perform in response to the occurrence of the triggering event. The configurable settings depend on the selected action.

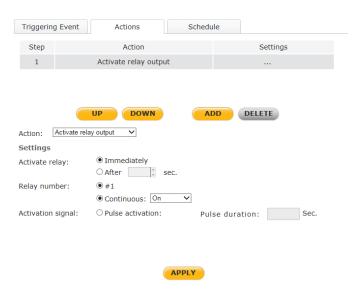


Figure 104: Responses > Actions Tab



Note:

Actions related to an analytic event that is defined in this screen are not affected by the status of the alarm switch configured on the **Events Setup > IO** screen.

To define an action

- 1. From the *Action* drop-down list, select one of the following Actions. The selection is displayed at the top of the screen.
 - Activate relay output
 - a. Select Activate relay immediately or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in After x seconds drop-down list.
 - b. Select the Relay number.
 - c. Select the Activation signal:
 - Continuous From the drop-down list, select *On* or *Off*.
 - Pulse activation In the Sec. text box, enter the number of seconds for the Pulse duration.
 - d. Click APPLY.
 - Clear alarms
 - a. Select *Clear alarms immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x* seconds drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.
 - Arm camera
 - a. Select *Arm immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.
 - Disarm camera
 - a. Select *Disarm immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.
 - Enable detection rule
 - a. Select *Perform immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.

- Disable detection rule
- a. Select *Perform immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
- b. Click APPLY.
- 2. To add an action, click ADD. The action is displayed in the Actions table.



Figure 105: Responses > Actions Table

- 3. Repeat step 1 for each new Action.
- 4. To change the order of the Actions, click **UP** or **DOWN**.
- 5. To delete an action, select the Action and click **DELETE**.
- 6. Click APPLY when finished.
- 7. Schedule Define when to monitor the triggering event occurrence.

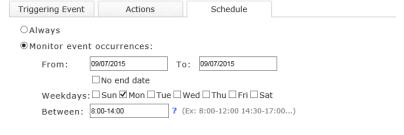




Figure 106: Responses > Schedule Tab

To set a schedule

- 1. Do one of the following:
 - Select Always.
 - Select Monitor event occurrences.
 - In the From text box, enter the start date.
 - In the To text box, enter the end date. If there is no end date, check No end date.
 - From the Weekdays list, select the day of the week.
 - In the Between text box, enter the hours during which the monitoring will occur.
- 2. Click APPLY.

9.6.4 Scheduled Actions (Sched. Actions Screen)

The **Sched. Actions** screen is used for setting schedules for actions to be taken when an event occurs.

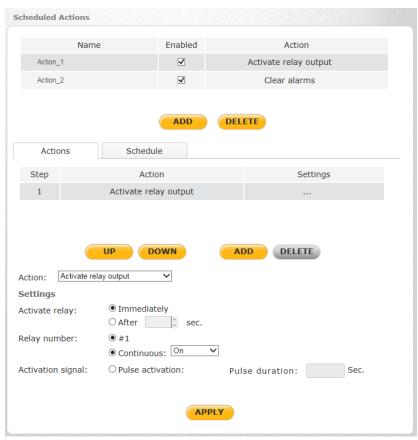


Figure 107: Sched. Actions > Actions Tab

Each scheduled action includes the following two parameters: Actions and Schedule

1. Actions - Select the action to perform at the scheduled time

To define an action

- 1. From the *Action* drop-down list, select one of the following actions: *Activate relay output, Clear alarms, Arm camera, Disarm camera, Enable detection rule,* or *Disable detection rule.* The selection is displayed at the top of the screen.
 - Activate relay output
 - a. Select *Activate relay immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x* seconds drop-down list.
 - b. Select the Relay number.
 - c. Select the Activation signal:
 - Continuous From the drop-down list, select On or Off.
 - Pulse activation In the Sec. text box, enter the number of seconds for the Pulse duration.
 - d. Click APPLY.
 - Clear alarms
 - a. Select *Clear alarms immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x* seconds drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.

- Arm camera
 - a. Select *Arm immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
 - b. Click APPLY.
- Disarm camera
- a. Select *Disarm immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
- b. Click APPLY.
- Enable detection rule
 - a. Select *Perform immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
- b. Select the name of the rule defined in the Rules tab.
- c. Click APPLY.
- Disable detection rule
- a. Select *Perform immediately* or enter the number of seconds (1-999) in *After x seconds* drop-down list.
- b. Select the name of the rule defined in the Rules tab.
- c. Click APPLY.
- 2. To add an Action, click **ADD**. The action is displayed in the *Actions* table at the top of the screen.



Figure 108: Responses > Actions Table

- 3. Repeat step 1 for each Action.
- 4. To change the order of the actions, click **UP** or **DOWN**.
- 5. To delete an action, select the action and click **DELETE**.
- 6. Click APPLY when finished.
- 2. Schedule Select when to perform the actions.

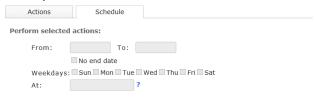




Figure 109: Sched. Actions > Schedule Tab

To set a schedule

- 1. Do one of the following:
 - Select Always.
 - Select Monitor event occurrences.
 - In the From text box, enter the start date.
 - In the To text box, enter the end date. If there is no end date, check No end date.
 - From the Weekdays list, select the day of the week.
 - In the Between text box, enter the hours during which the monitoring will occur.
- 2. Click APPLY.

Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

9.6.5 On Screen Display

The **On Screen Display** screen determines the information to be displayed on the video screen as an overlay on top of the video. The settings on this screen define the selection, alignment and color configuration of the various overlays that appear during normal monitoring, events and detection.



Figure 110: Analytics > On Screen Display Screen

The **On Screen Display** screen includes the following default settings:

- · Enable analog video output
- Display tracking information
- Tracking shape: Rectangle
- Display trail enabled (10 seconds)
- Tracking color: Custom
- Radial button 1: Red
- Display camera information
- Font: Terminal
- Font size: Medium

In the table, select the settings that you want to configure:

- In the *Display* column, select the checkbox to display the display item.
- In the *Caption* column, click *Set* to change the name of the display item. You cannot change the names *Channel name*, *Date*, *Time* and *Status*.
- In the Background color, Foreground color, Horizontal Align, and Vertical Align columns, clicking a field opens a drop-down list. Select one of the options from the drop-down list.

Click **APPLY** when finished.

Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

9.6.6 Firmware

The **Firmware** screen displays the current analytics firmware version and enables you to update the unit's analytics firmware file.



Figure 111: Analytics > Firmware Screen

To update the analytics firmware file

- 1. Click Browse
- 2. Select the file.
- 3. Click UPGRADE.

Using Advanced Settings

In the *Advanced Settings* area, the *Scene with large objects or many objects* setting improves analytic detection in scenes where there are large or multiple objects, and where there is movement in up to 80% of the frame. The setting is enabled by default.

Also in the Advanced Settings area, the Enable enhanced detection setting improves the distance from which smaller objects are detected. This function is disabled by default. Click **Apply** when finished.



Note:

- Analytics firmware is stored in a separate file than the camera system software. To view the camera system software version, see <u>System > Software Version</u>. To upgrade the camera system software version, see <u>System > Software Upgrade</u>.
- 2. You must close and restart Internet Explorer in order to view the new firmware version.

Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

9.6.7 Backup & Restore

The **Backup & Restore** screen enables you to create backup files of the unit's analytics settings and to restore them.



Figure 112: Analytics > Backup & Restore Screen

To back up the analytic firmware file

1. Click BACKUP.

To restore the analytic firmware file

- 1. Do one of the following:
 - To restore factory defaults, select To factory defaults.
 - To restore all defaults from a stored file, select *Full restore from file*, click **Browse** to locate the file path, then select the file.
 - To restore analytic settings from a stored file, select *Analytic settings from file*, click **Browse** to locate the file path, then select the file.
- 2. Click RESTORE.



Note:

Analytics firmware is stored in a separate file than the camera system software. To backup and restore the camera system software version, see System > Factory Default.

Refer to the HTML Edition Units User's Guide for detailed instructions on configuring these settings.

9.7 Log Out

Select the Log Out link in the navigation bar to close the session. The following message appears:

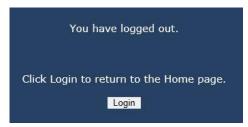


Figure 113: Logout Message

To return to the application, click **Login**. The **Login** dialog box opens. See Figure 23: Login Dialog Box.

10 Appendices

- <u>Technical Specifications</u>
- Internet Security Settings
- Install UPnP Components
- Installing and Deleting the Web Player
- Deleting Temporary Internet Files
- Mounting Accessories

A.1. Technical Specifications

Camera					
Image Sensor		1/2.8" 2.1MP Sony Progressive CMOS			
Effective Pixels		1920 x 1080 (H x V)			
Shutter Speed		1 to 1/10,000 (PAL/NTSC) with 20 options			
Sensitivity (w/ analytics)	Color Mode	0.2 lux @ F1.4@ 15 FPS, 36dB max. gain			
	Night Mode	0.1 lux @ F1.4@ 15 FPS, 36dB max. gain			
Enclosure		Tamper-resistant surface mount plastic case or IK10 rated with IP66 waterproof protection			
Analog Video Output		Composite 1Vp-p (PAL or NTSC), 1x BNC 75Ω			
Lens		CB-5222-11	CB-5222-21		
Lens Type		Varifocal motorized auto-focus DC-Iris lens with True Day/Night			
Lens Options		F1.4, 3-10.5mm	F1.4, 7-22mm		
Field of View (Wide x Tele)		93.2° x 31.9°	40.6° x 16°		
Video					
Video Compression		Fully compliant H.264 main profile/MJPEG			
Video Resolution		Full HD 1080p/HD 720p/D1 @ (H.264/MJPEG)			
Video Streaming		H.264 Full HD 1080p (25/30fps) or MJPEG			
Maximum Performance		45 fps @ Full HD 1080p			

Camera					
Operation					
	Brightness	Manual			
	Exposure	With Shutter WDR On	With Shutter WDR Off		
		WDR Multiple Shutter/ WDR Multiple Shutter RSS	Auto Iris/Auto Shutter/Shutter Priority/Flickerless/Manual Mode		
	Sharpness	Manual			
	Contrast	Manual			
Saturation		Manual			
	Hue	Manual			
	Iris Control	DC Iris			
	Backlight Compensation	On/Off (with Shutter WDR Off)			
Digital Zoom Wide Dynamic Range (WDR)		No			
		Digital/Gamma WDR (with Shutter WDR Off) and True/Shutter WDR (with Shutter WDR On) @ 96dB			
	Noise Reduction	2D: On/Off 3D: Off + 3 levels			
	Privacy Mask	Yes			
	IR Function	Auto/Day/Night/Smart (Removable IR Cut Filter)			
Audio	Two-Way Audio	Line-out Line-in			
	Compression	G.711/G.726 (not supported by Latitude)			
Alarm	Input	1x dry contact			
	Relay Output	1x relay output (rated load 0.3A@ 30VDC)			
Event Notification		FTP, SMTP			
Languages		English, Spanish, Japanese, Russian, Simplified Chinese			

Network Protocols IPv4, TCP, DHCP, PP Password Levels Security User and A Security IP Filter, IE Operating System Windows >	/IP, UDP, RTP, RT PPoE, UPnP, IGMF Administrator EEE 802.1x	802.3/802.3u/802.3ab) SP, HTTP, ICMP, FTP, NTP, SMTP, P, SNMP, QoS, and ONVIF™ Profile S		
Network Protocols IPv4, TCP, DHCP, PP Password Levels Security IP Filter, IE Operating System Internet Browser User Accounts Internet Ex	/IP, UDP, RTP, RT PPoE, UPnP, IGMF Administrator EEE 802.1x	SP, HTTP, ICMP, FTP, NTP, SMTP,		
Security IP Filter, IE Operating System Windows > Internet Browser Internet Ex User Accounts 20	EEE 802.1x			
Operating System Windows > Internet Browser Internet Ex User Accounts 20				
Internet Browser Internet Ex User Accounts 20				
User Accounts 20	Windows XP, 7, 8, 8.1, and 10			
	Internet Explorer 8, 9, 10, and 11			
Mochanical				
Wechanical				
Power 3-pin termi	3-pin terminal block			
Ethernet/PoE/PoE+ RJ45	RJ45			
	Line-out: 3.5 mm audio jack Line-in: 3.5 mm audio jack			
Alarm 4-pin term	4-pin terminal block with 2-pin alarm input and 2-pin relay output			
Analog Video 1.0V p-p, 7	1.0V p-p, 75Ω BNC connector			
LED Indicators Power, Lin	Power, Link			
Weatherproof Standard IP66				
TIMPONSIONS II Y W Y HI I	285 x 96 x 94mm (11.1 x 3.8 x 3.7 in.) with sunshield and fully extended mounting arm			
Weight 940 g (2.07	940 g (2.07 lbs.)			
Electrical				
PoE (IEEE	12 VDC (1.6 amps)/24VDC (0.8 amps)/24VAC (0.85 amps)/ PoE (IEEE 802.3af Class 0)/ PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at)			
	20W with AC/DC/PoE supply 25W with built-in heater (using PoE+)			
	AC/DC/PoE/PoE+			
Environmental				
Operating Temperature With 12VD	C/24VAC/PoE+	With PoE		
-40° to 50°	C (-40° to 122°F)	-10° to 50°C (14° to 122°F)		
Storage Temperature -20° to 70°	-20° to 70° C (-4° to 158°F)			
Humidity 10-90% no	10-90% non-condensing			
General				
US FCC (47 C	FCC (47 CFR) Part 15, Subpart B, Class A; UL			
Regulatory International A11:2009 - IEC 61000	CE-marked (IEC 60950-1:2005 + A1:2009 and EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009 + A1:2010 + A12:2011); EN55032:2012; EN55024, IEC 61000; EN61000; CISPR 22: 2009 Class A; EN 50130; ICES-003 Issue 5; RCM; RoHS			
Warranty No less that	No less than 4 years from purchase date			

A.2. Internet Security Settings

If ActiveX control installation is blocked, either set Internet security level to default or change ActiveX controls and plug-in settings.

To set the default Internet security level

- 1. Start Internet Explorer (IE).
- 2. From the Command Bar toolbar, select Tools and select *Internet Options* from the menu that appears.

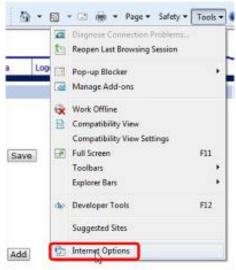


Figure 114: Command Bar Toolbar - Select Internet Options

3. In the Internet Options window that appears, select the Security tab.



- 4. Select Internet in Select a zone to view or change security settings.
- 5. If the settings are not defined as default, select Default Level and move the *Allowed* levels for this zone slider to *Medium-high* and select **OK**.



Figure 115: Internet Options Screen

6. Close all browsers and reopen so that the settings take effect.

ActiveX Controls and Plug-in Settings

To create a custom level

- 1. Start Internet Explorer (IE).
- 2. From the Command Bar toolbar, select Tools and select Internet Options from the menu that appears.



Figure 116: Command Bar Toolbar - Internet Options

3. In the **Internet Options** window that appears, select the **Security** tab.



- 4. If not already selected, select Internet, then select Custom Level.
- 5. In the dialog that appears, under ActiveX controls and plug-ins set ALL the following options (listed below) to **Enable** or **Prompt**:
 - Automatic prompting for ActiveX controls
 - Binary and script behaviors
 - Download signed ActiveX controls
 - Download using ActiveX controls
 - Initialize and script ActiveX not marked as safe
 - Run ActiveX controls and plug-ins
 - Script ActiveX controls marked safe for scripting

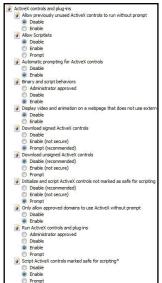
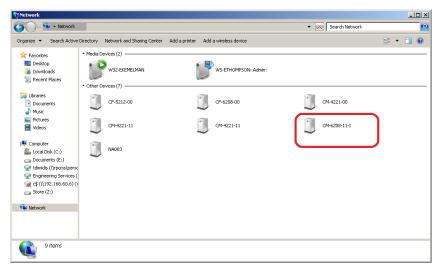


Figure 117: Schedule Screen

- 6. Click **OK** to accept the settings and close the **Security** screen.7. Click **OK** to close the **Internet Options** screen.
- 8. Close the browser window and restart IE again to access the camera.

A.3. Install UPnP Components

Follow the instructions below to enable UPnP so that the camera can be discovered and displayed in Network locations under *Other Devices*:

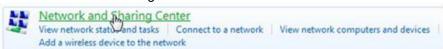


To enable UPnP discovery in Windows 7, 8, 8.1, and 10

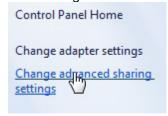
- 1. Click (Start) and select Control Panel.
- 2. Click Network and Internet.

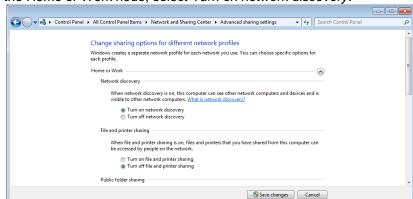


3. Click Network and Sharing Center.



4. Click Change advanced sharing settings.





5. Expand the Home or Work node, select Turn on network discovery.

6. Click Save Changes.

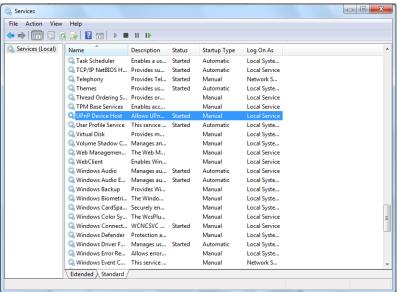


Note:

Network discovery requires that the DNS Client, Function Discovery Resource Publication, SSDP Discovery, and UPnP Device Host services are started, that network discovery is allowed to communicate through Windows Firewall, and that other firewalls are not interfering with network discovery.

To check that the UPnP Device Host services are running

 Click (Start) and type in the Search programs and files field services.msc and then select services.msc from the displayed Programs. The Services manager dialog box appears.



2. In the **Services manager** dialog box, scroll down the list to *UPnP Device Host* and verify that it shows the status *Started*. If *Started* is not displayed, right-click and select **Start** from the shortcut menu.

A.4. Installing and Deleting the Web Player

The Quasar Player enables you to view the camera's user interface.

If this is a first-time installation of the camera, the Quasar Player installation wizard opens after accessing the camera.



Figure 118: Quasar Player Installation Wizard

To install the Quasar Player

- 1. Click **Next**. The Player is installed.
- 2. Click **Finish** when the next screen opens. The installation is completed. **Quasar Player** is displayed in the list of installed programs.



Figure 119: Quasar Player Installation Completed

Users who have previously installed the DVPlayer or DCViewer web player in the PC should first delete the existing player file from the PC and then install the Quasar Player before accessing the camera.

To delete an existing DVPlayer or DCViewer file

- 1. Click Start and select Control Panel. The Control Panel opens.
- 2. In the Control Panel, click Uninstall a program.



- 3. From the installed program list, select DVPlayer or DCViewer.
- 4. On the banner bar, click Uninstall.
- 5. If prompted to confirm the Uninstall, click Yes.

After deleting the previous player file, you must clear your computer's cache memory.

To clear your computer's cache memory

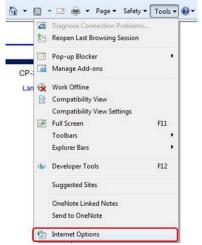
- 1. In the Control Panel, click Internet Options. The Internet Properties dialog box opens.
- 2. From the *Browsing History* section, click **Delete**. The **Delete Browsing History** dialog box opens.
- 3. From the **Delete Browsing History** dialog box, check *Preserve Favorites website data*, *Temporary Internet files and website files, Cookies and website data*, and *Tracking Protection, ActiveX Filtering and Do Not Track*.
- 4. Click **Delete**. The **Internet Properties** dialog box opens.
- 5. Click **OK**. Your computer's cache memory is deleted. After the cache is cleared, the Quasar Player installation wizard opens.
- 6. Follow instructions above to install the Quasar Player.

A.5. Deleting Temporary Internet Files

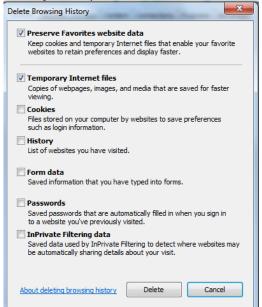
To improve browser performance, it is recommended to clean up all of the temporary Internet files.

To delete temporary Internet files

In Internet Explorer (IE), from the Command Bar toolbar, click **Tools** and select *Internet Options* from the menu that appears.



- 2. In the **General** tab in the *Internet Options* dialog box, click **Delete**.
- 3. In the **Delete Browser History** dialog box that appears, select *Temporary Internet files*. Uncheck *Cookies* and *History* to keep this data. Then click **Delete**.



A.6. Mounting Accessories

The following mounting accessories are available from FLIR for installation of your IOI HD CB-5222 Bullet IP Camera. For more information on available options, contact your FLIR sales representative or visit www.FLIR.com/security to request details on where to get the accessories you need.

Image	Name	Description
	CB-WLBX-62	Wall Mount Junction Box for CB-62xx and CB-52xx Series Bullet Cameras.
	CB-PLBX-62	Pole Mount Junction Box for CB-62xx and CB-52xx Series Bullet Cameras.



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